

This Week

Special Sale

OF

New Shirt Waists

We have just received a large lot of the newest things in Shirt Waists.

Also a large lot of new cotton wash goods in Linens, DIMITIES, Lawns, etc. just received.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

To use a slang expression,

THAT DON'T CUT ANY ICE

Frank Staffan & Son do, and have cut about 250 tons of Cavanaugh and Lake Ice. We have made a contract with a large refrigerator manufacturer, and are enabled to furnish a first-class, hardwood, dry air, zinc lined, refrigerator, and keep it filled with ice during the hot weather or ice season, and in case you want to make ice cream will furnish you with extra pieces.

HOW MUCH WILL IT COST?

Fifty cents a week for five months, or the ice season, will pay for it, and at the end of that time the refrigerator is your property. For further information call at our office.

We have extended the time and will take orders for refrigerators for a couple of weeks longer.

Get in line and keep cool.

FRANK STAFFAN & SON.

Good Clothes

I have built up my reputation by combining all the highest points of excellence in the garments which I turn out. A trial solicited

J. GEO. WEBSTER.

Ann - Arbor - Electric - Granite - Works.

Designers and Builders of

Artistic Granite and Marble Memorials.

On hand large quantities of all the various Granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice, as we have a full equipment for polishing.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER, Prop., Ann Arbor.

PINGREE WILL BE HERE.

HE WILL DELIVER TWO ADDRESSES HERE NEXT WEDNESDAY.

Doings of the Common Council—A Day of Sport and Recreation—A Few Political Notes—Washington Letter.

Mayor Pingree.

Mayor Pingree, the people's choice for governor of this great state, will speak at



this place both afternoon and evening, Wednesday, May 20th. In the afternoon his address will be delivered at recreation Park, in evening the Town Hall will be the scene of action.

Day of Sports.

Wednesday, May 20th, will be a day of sports here. There will be horse races, bicycle races, foot races, and a game of ball. The Chelsea cornet band will furnish plenty of good music. Races to commence at 1 o'clock sharp.

The Doings of the Council.

Board met in regular session, Monday May 11th, with President Schenk, and Trustees Glazier, Raftery, Wedemeyer and Vogel present. Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved. The bill of Chelsea Electric Light Co., for \$141.63 was allowed.

The petition for an electric light to be placed at the intersection of Main and VanBuren streets was referred to the street committee.

Ordinance No. 17, relative to the better enforcement of the liquor laws was read and approved.

Ordinance No. 18, relative to the encouragement to the building of cement or artificial stone walks was read and approved. This ordinance fixes the rate of rebate to be paid all person building artificial stone walks to be placed at two and one-half cents per square foot.

Moved and supported that all owners of property having cement stone walks, and who shall put them in as good repair as when new, and on the proper grade, under the direction and approval of the street committee, and who have not received any bonus from said village of Chelsea for building said walks, shall be entitled to the same bonus as allowed by the village for the building of new cement walks, as provided for by ordinance No. 18. Carried.

Ordinance No. 19, relative to the playing ball on the street and public places on the first day of the week, and on certain portions of the streets on other days of the week was read and approved.

The question of appropriating \$100 toward the purchase of a piano for the Town Hall, the township to appropriate the balance, was lost, but one man voting.

Moved and supported that Rush Green be engaged as marshal at the salary of \$35 per month. Carried.

The village attorney was instructed to draft an ordinance relative to the keeping children off the streets after certain hours.

Meeting then adjourned. The board met in special session Tuesday, May 12th, for the purpose of taking action on the petition presented, praying that the village appropriate \$100 toward the purchase of a piano for the Town Hall, which was granted. Meeting then adjourned.

Things Political.

Geo. H. Kempf was elected one of the alternates at large to the national republican convention, at the state convention last week. Chelsea always gets there.

The name of Jas. S. Gorman is being prominently mentioned for the nomination of governor, should the gold bugs capture the national democratic convention.

The aspirant for the republican nomination for governor in this state are a hopeful lot of fellows, and each one feels cock sure that he is going to land the prize.

George Stevens of the Kindergarten billiard parlor in Masonic Temple block, received a check for \$7,500 a few days since in settlement of a suit brought by him against the Pennsylvania R. R. Co. At least that is the way of it as stated by the Times.—Ann Arbor Courier.

WASHINGTON LETTER

The assumption that McKinley will be the nominee of the St. Louis convention is now heard on all sides in Washington. Among the foundations for this is the expressed opinion that "the walls of the anti-McKinley Jericho are knocked too flat by the blast of the Illinois trumpet to be rebuilt." There is much ratification upon the situation; many discussions.

"What does it mean?" "What is the import of this McKinley enthusiasm?" The phenomenon finds many explanations among the political gossips and wiseacres. "It means," say the best of Mugwump authorities, "the triumph of one-idea extremists." "It means," some others say, "that the currency may go to hang, in the making dominant of a high tariff symposium." The political pot is so turbulent at present, that it is interesting to hear the comments and counter-comments of opposing factions. The "one-idea extremist" is more likely to be found in those who discuss and criticize the situation than in the candidates themselves. The intelligent observer knows by this time that whatever may be the outcome at St. Louis as to candidates there can be no doubt as to the currency question. State after state, as it wheeled into the McKinley column, has carefully annexed a "sound money" announcement. The day of straddling on the currency question in conventions and dickerings with it in the senate has undoubtedly passed, and the bugaboo of flat money no longer worries the student of politics. A "stable tariff" has also become, under the results of the tinkering process of the past few years, a fixed necessity in the welfare of this country, and it is safe to assume that a "new tariff debacle" will not result from even a "one-idea extremist" presidential nominee. The results of the nominating conventions and the result in November will mean tariff changes. This is an admission of practically all sides of the question. But it will not mean another tariff carnival.

The "favorite sons" have not been swept aside by the events of the past week. They all stick. Gen. Clarkson, of the Republican National Committee, who is in the city, says that McKinley has not nearly a majority yet and he will not enter the convention with a majority. In the judgment of Gen. Clarkson, McKinley will be shorter of a majority on the first ballot than Blaine was in the emotional year 1876, Grant in 1880, or Sherman in 1888. "I can say positively," said Clarkson, "that Allison, Quay, and Morton will remain in the contest, and so, I rely, Reed, and I judge so will Bradley and Cullom. Of the 918 votes in the convention, the field will represent from 525 to 550 votes. By the field I mean Allison, Reed, Quay, Bradley, Morton and Cullom, and such other available men as Harrison, Lincoln, Foraker, Hobart, Davis, and General Tracy of New York, and others who might fitly be mentioned. The wisest politicians in Washington think that the only course for the anti-McKinley men to pursue is to keep their heads cool and wait. That is the advice Senator Quay is giving. He admits that it looks very much like McKinley, but he advises all the other candidates to keep the field and to await developments. Quay says that it is useless to make plans in the present situation, because the opposing candidates are now necessarily fighting on the defensive, and can do little more than obstruct the McKinley forces. Quay believes that "taking one consideration with another" the McKinley supporters will ultimately begin to inquire whether after all he is the best man to nominate.

Many people are asking Senator Hill why he thought it incumbent upon himself to answer to trade which Senator Tillman poured forth last week. "I happened to go over to New York just after Senator Tillman made his previous speech," says Mr. Hill, "and I suppose a hundred people asked me how it was that such a torrent of abuse upon the President and the administration could be allowed to go unanswered in the senate. They seem to think that the senators were afraid to get into a controversy with Gov. Tillman. I explained to whom I met personally, and to the still larger number who wrote to me, that the silence was due to a general understanding that Gov. Tillman's remarks were to pass unnoticed. This explanation satisfied those whom it reached, but rather than have such a misunderstanding occur again, I thought I would reply, showing that the denunciations of the senator from South Carolina could and would be answered."

The Supreme Council of the A. P. A. will hold its annual meeting in this city May 12. The coming convention, it is said, will be the most important in the history of the order. The order has, the members say, now entered the big field of national politics, and the coming campaign will decide whether it will be crushed politically or hold its own. Heretofore the political policy of the order has been left exclusively to the advisory board, but it is hinted that the council will hereafter take a hand in the question. There will be a wide range of matters for consideration, and the council will be in session about a week. Among other business will be the annual election of officers.

Senator Gorman will offer as an amendment to the fortifications appropriation bill his proposition to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to meet any deficit in the public revenues by the issue of not more than \$100,000,000 of interest-bearing certificates redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, in place of bonds. Senator Gorman holds that the appropriations already provided by the present congress for next year will exceed the revenues by nearly a hundred million dollars. He thinks it would be wiser to issue low-interest certificates rather than long-time bonds to meet the difference, the certificates being redeemable at any time or as soon as the revenues will justify. The proposition will be resisted by the populists and the free coinage men on both sides of the senate, and may stir up a debate which will delay adjournment.

The remains of the late Secretary of State Gresham were brought to Washington last week, and finally interred in their last resting place at Arlington, in the presence of the president and members of the cabinet. Mr. Cleveland and the cabinet walked at the head of the funeral procession to the grave, but there were no services. The site of the Secretary's last resting place is on the hill fronting the Potomac river, near the old Lee mansion. It is near the graves of Gen. Sheridan, Admiral Porter, and Gen. Crook. The spot is one of the most beautiful in the whole of this great national cemetery.

A wit at the Capitol said the other day that the year of 1896 will long be remembered for the remarkable collection of accidents that happened in "favorite son" business.

A Question of Proximity.



Miss Summit—There is one rather disagreeable thing about Mr. Clabberly. He uses perfumery.  
Miss Palisade—I hadn't noticed it.  
Miss Summit—Why should you?—Brooklyn Life.

Uncle Ephraim's Wisdom.

"Virtues am crimes w'en yo' hates deir possessah.

"Se'f-defence may sometimes justify yo' speakin' ha'd ob yo' neighbors, but yo' ha'n't got no call ter be allus on de defensive.

"Er man nebbah knows w'at er no-count secondril'e am tell'e gits er-bolt ob er story ut's been de roun's ob he r'lashuns.

"I heahs er leetle innercent-lookin' story 'bout er bruddah, 'n' I tells yo er-bout hit; yo tells hit ter anuddah bruddah, uddah bruddah tells hit—an' hit am er lie! Ain't we all free lads? An' ull any one ob us own up ter hit?

"Er narrow, se'fish, stuck-up, low-down, dawgish, tick-skinned niggah ain't wuff lubin', er pityin', er 'spisin', much less hatin'. Lub 'e don't want pityin' 'e don't know, 'e's er-wantin' 'spisin' kahn't touch 'im, hatin's too good fo' 'im. Leab 'im erlone.

"W'at niggahs nebbah will seem ter leahn is ut de pahkah am ez bad ez de 'fiet, an' ut de man ut listens is es much et fau't ez de tawmited scan'al-mongah 'e am er-lat'nin' ter.

"Er er man ha'n't got no addah claim on hebbin, 'e ain't er-goin' ter be obah-looked ef 'e meks hit er rule nebbah ter say nuffin' ut 'll do any po' bruddah er in'ry wivout doin' hese'f no good."

King's Jewels Not Valuable.

The jewels of King Premphah of Ashanti, which Sir Francis Scott took to London and delivered to the Crown Agent for the Colonies, are said to be worth not more than \$10,000. The most interesting piece in the collection is a crown made of antelope skin, surmounted by ornaments of pure soft gold, wrought into imitations of human and animal heads, two goat's horns of gold projecting from either side of the crown.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill street South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had lung trouble, following typhoid malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up, saying: "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to the use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for lung trouble. Trial bottles free at Glazier & Stimson's.

B

We are drawing delicious Ice Cream Soda at the Bank Drug Store, come in and try it. Large ripe bananas 20c per doz. Choice lemons 20c per doz.

A

Do you like good Coffee? Our coffee cannot be surpassed for the money in Chelsea. Try a pound.

N

We are still showing a large line of wall paper, sidewall ceilings and borders all matched up. Very low price on window shades.

K

D

We carry the best line of silver ware, silver plated knives and forks, spoons, etc. and make the lowest prices of any store in this vicinity.

R

Decorating paints, varni hes, alabastine in all tints, paint brushes, stains, etc. Very low figures on lead and oil.

U

We enjoy a large grocery trade because we make lower prices than other dealers, and at the same time sell you only first-class goods.

G

Keep your eye on our price list. Bargains every week.

S

No one can afford to be without a watch when they can buy one at the prices we are quoting. Come in and look over our line.

T

We make a specialty of pure spices and extracts. It pays to buy the best.

O

Canned goods are cheap at the Bank Drug Store. Sugar corn 5c per can, 7 cans a dollar for 25c.

R

We are working to please our customers in ever particular. Try us.

E

Yours for the lowest prices.

Glazier & Stimson.

## IN FAVOR OF WOMEN.

SCORE A VICTORY AT THE  
METHODIST CONFERENCE.

Ladies to Keep Their Seats and the Question to Be Referred to Conference—End of Archimedes Holmes—McKinley Captures Indiana.

## Women Win at Cleveland.

At Thursday's session of the Methodist conference at Cleveland Dr. W. J. Kynett, chairman of the committee on eligibility, presented the report of the committee. The committee is agreed that the eligibility of women to vote in this conference is a constitutional one and that the general conference has the power to interpret the constitution. The committee recommends the modification of the constitution, changing the qualifications of a delegate to the general conference by using the words "lay delegate" instead of "laymen," thereby making the admission of women legal, and adds: "We report further that this proposed amendment be referred to the annual conference of the following year, and that a two-thirds vote of the general conference and a three-fourths vote of the annual conference be required to enact this recommendation into a law." The report says that inasmuch as the question has not been judicially passed upon, those having seats on the floor can retain them without prejudice. As soon as the report was read Dr. Kynett said that neither party, neither majority nor minority, surrendered. The views were the same, but it was a concession by both parties. Dr. Kynett said there was a rumor that great pressure had been brought to bear on the women to retire. The committee believed no pressure should be brought to bear on them which would conflict with their duty to their constituents.

## Shot by Robbers.

Three men invaded the Golden Rule dry goods store, West Madison street and Center avenue, Chicago, at 8:40 o'clock Thursday night, drew revolvers on the cashier, Miss Mattie Garrettsen, aiming to secure the cash box, and were driven into the street by her cries and the appearance of clerks and the proprietor, Thomas J. Marshall. In the middle of Madison street, halted by a cable train, one of the robbers turned and fired several shots, two of them hitting Marshall. He died almost instantly. The robber ran north on Ann street, firing twice again. One bullet struck A. S. Beggs and another hit Katie Hines. Neither of these victims will die. The three men escaped, but scores of detectives and patrolmen were set on their tracks. Clarence White was taken to the Desplains street station at 2 a. m. and questioned. "The Mexican" and "Sam" of Posen were arrested as suspects.

## National League.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National Baseball League:

W. L.	W. L.
Philadelphia 12	4 Baltimore 9
Pittsburgh 10	5 Washington 8
Boston 10	6 Brooklyn 7
Chicago 10	7 St. Louis 7
Cleveland 8	6 New York 4
Cincinnati 9	7 Louisville 2

## Western League.

Following is the standing of the clubs of the Western League:

W. L.	W. L.
Detroit 12	2 Milwaukee 6
Kansas City 8	6 Indianapolis 5
St. Paul 7	6 Columbus 6
Minneapolis 7	8 Grand Rapids 4

## Holmes Pays the Penalty.

H. H. Holmes was hanged at Philadelphia Thursday morning. The drop fell at 10:12. It was not until a half hour later that he was pronounced dead. His neck was broken by the fall. The marvelous nerve of the man never deserted him to the very end. Even on the scaffold he was probably the coolest person in the solemn assemblage. He proclaimed his innocence of any murder. He declared that the only wrong doing in the taking of human life for which he could be held responsible consisted in the death of the two women who had died as the result of criminal operations at his hands. He did not name these victims.

## Michigan Republicans.

An animated fight over the money question at the Michigan Republican convention at Detroit Thursday resulted in squelching both the gold plank offered by the majority and the silver plank submitted by the minority, and the substitution thereof of the money plank of the Minneapolis platform of '92. McKinley was endorsed and the delegates instructed in his favor. Four delegates-at-large were elected, two without contests. J. M. Ferry was chosen chairman of the State Central Committee.

## NEWS NUGGETS.

The Salvation army is planning to form a cavalry company of both lads and lassies.

A story comes from Norway that Explorer Ekstrup, whose body was found in a snow-filled ravine near Bergen last winter, was killed by Lieutenant Perry in a duel on account of Mrs. Perry.

Indiana Republicans declare for McKinley and the delegates-at-large from the State to the St. Louis convention are instructed to "cast their votes for William McKinley as they see fit, and continuously as there is any hope of his nomination." The instruction resolution is the last plank of a strong platform, which declares for protection and reciprocity, and for honest money, favoring the use of silver only under regulations that will maintain its parity with gold.

According to a Portland dispatch, Speaker Reed has positively refused to accept a re-nomination to Congress.

A fire broke out in a barn back of Mooney's livery stable at Elvira, Ohio, Wednesday night, supposed to have been started by tramps. It was the worst fire in twenty years. The loss will reach \$50,000.

Judge Sanborn, of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, at St. Paul, has made an order requiring the payment of \$516,870 as interest on the coupons of the first mortgage bonds of the Union division of the Union Pacific Railway.

## EASTERN.

Mrs. H. Eastby and her daughter Clara started from Spokane, Wash., Wednesday to walk to New York. They live on a farm and hope to make enough money in the venture to lift a mortgage. They are under contract to a manufacturer of a health costume.

George P. Williams, the well-known oil man, of Pittsburg, Pa., and intimate friend of Senator Matt Quay, has been divorced from his wife, Emma M. Williams. Williams alleges in his petition that he married Emma M. Williams in Chicago in the early spring of 1894, while he was drunk.

Claude, Paula Wright and Miss Mary Kathlene Leonard were married at New York by the secret head of the Theosophical Society of America, in accordance with the rites of ancient Egyptian mysteries. Theosophists say the couple were married some 5,000 years ago, during a previous incarnation.

Dr. Paul Haupt, head of the Semitic department of Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md., started Monday for Leipzig to direct the work on a new polychromatic edition of the Old Testament. The edition will be in twenty parts. Dr. Haupt is the editor-in-chief. A rabbinical supplement edited by S. Schechter of Cambridge and M. Friedman of Vienna will be added to the work.

Charles Broadway Rouse, the wealthy New York merchant who is rapidly succumbing to total blindness, has a standing offer of \$10,000 open to any person who can cure him. Various people have accepted the offer. Mr. Rouse wisely allowing them to experiment first upon a substitute. Only a week ago a substitute was tortured almost to madness by a crank with a pin pricking machine. Now comes a Western hypnotist who claims he has cured a Chicago man of business. He will accordingly try his hypnotic powers on Mr. Martin, a substitute, and if the latter is cured Mr. Rouse will turn over to the hypnotist his eighty-story Broadway store and everything in it as a reward.

Gov. Levi P. Morton touched a button Saturday night in New York and a big cannon was discharged in Union Square, San Francisco. This announced the opening of the electrical exposition in New York city. By the aid of the Pacific Postal Company, Gov. Morton was enabled to form one of the largest circuits ever known. It was an idea of the directors of the exposition to have four cannons fired simultaneously in four large cities at the four points of the compass in the United States. St. Paul, Boston, New Orleans and San Francisco were chosen to represent the North, East, South and West. A cannon was placed in a public square in each city and at 8 o'clock Saturday night, when the exposition opened, Gov. Morton touched the button in the exposition building, and the four cannons were fired at once.

## WESTERN.

The pressmen of the Rockford, Ill., Mitten and Hosiery Company have gone on a strike for increased wages.

The four leading theaters of Denver gave performances for the benefit of the Cripple Creek sufferers. About \$1,000 was netted.

It is reported that a shoe salesman representing the Standard Shoe Company of Cincinnati, Ohio, was burned to death in a Cripple Creek hotel during the last fire.

One of the Noble Manufacturing Company's warehouses at Goshen, Ind., was destroyed, presumably by the torch of an incendiary. Loss, \$4,000; insurance, \$2,000.

George Anderson, colored, of Terre Haute, was instantly killed by Robert Love at Indianapolis, Ind., and the latter made his escape. A quarrel began about five cents.

Fire in the clothing house of S. Lazarus & Co., of Columbus, Ohio, was extinguished soon after being discovered, but the loss by smoke and water will be considerable.

A man who gave the name of John Lewis, and who said he was an iron molder, was arrested at San Francisco while attempting to strangle a woman in an alley. The police believe Lewis may have strangled other women who were recently murdered there.

Six people killed, eighteen more in the hospital and from twenty-five to fifty persons missing is the result of an explosion which wrecked the five-story brick building, Nos. 182 and 184 Walnut street, Cincinnati, O., Monday night. It is thought that a score of people have been killed, but nothing definite will be known until the ruins are cleared. The explosion was caused by the ignition of a tank of gasoline used in making gas for the premises by a patent process.

Ex-Priest George Francis Dillon, of Pittsburg, Pa., with his bride, is in Akron, O., where he will open a stationery and news stand. Dillon was several years priest of St. Thomas Church in Braddock, Pa., in which town he met Rose Cecilia Donovan, a pretty telegraph operator. They were much taken with each other, and last November they were secretly married, despite Dillon's vows of celibacy. Dillon was dismissed from his priestly office.

Judge C. G. Foster, of the United States District Court, has appointed C. O. Knowles, F. G. Noel and Bennett R. Wheeler, receivers for the Investment Trust Company of America, doing business in Topeka, Kan. Among the company's directors are William Lloyd Garrison, of Boston, and a half-dozen other New England capitalists. The authorized capital is \$3,000,000 and paid in capital \$1,400,000. The receivers are friendly to the company.

The business done by the Chicago post-office continues to show a healthful increase. The receipts for April were the largest of any April in the history of the office, exceeding by \$67,087 the corresponding month of last year—an increase of 17.64 per cent. The receipts exceeded those of the busy month of April, 1893, nearly \$40,000, despite the fact that at that time nearly the whole world was in correspondence with Chicago. The increase was uniform in all lines.

There would have been a bank failure at Hallock, Minn., Friday had it not been for the cool head of a woman. President Booker, of the National Bank of Grand Forks, which went under last week, is interested in the Kitzon County Bank at Hallock. Cashier Douglas went to Grand Forks to see Mr. Booker, leaving his wife to run the institution. His absence, coupled with the failure at Grand Forks, led timorous people to become suspicious, and a few went in and drew a portion of their money. Presently some of the leading business men went in

and asked for their entire balances. The lady in charge told them that the bank was solvent, and that if they persisted in withdrawing their deposits she would close the bank. This brought them to their senses, confidence was restored after a few minutes' conversation, and the run was stopped.

A sensation was created in Sturgeon Bay, Wis., Monday evening by the announcement that Mrs. F. X. Sailer, the wife of a business man, had drowned her two children and then committed suicide by the same method. The woman had gone down the bay shore a distance of three miles and had evidently walked out into the bay with her children and held them under the water until life was extinct, after which she lay down and immediately reported the matter to the city authorities, who went to the scene. They found the children, aged 4 and 2 years, upon the shore, while the mother's body was out about sixty feet. Mrs. Sailer was about 25 years of age and was the fourth wife of her husband, and from all reports the couple had not been living happily for a year or so past. Mr. Sailer owns a business block and had until recently been engaged in the furniture business.

The climax of the fourth act of "Othello," as produced by Tragedian Louis James at the Columbus, O., High Street Theater Friday night, was not written by Shakespeare. Columbus theater-goers witnessed a startling innovation in the immortal love tragedy. Guy Linsley, the leading man of Mr. James' company, appeared in the role of Iago. Lying on the stage floor, where he had been thrown by Othello, Iago says: "This is damnation greater than I can bear." Actor Linsley had hardly finished the lines when a stylishly dressed young woman jumped from one of the boxes on to the stage. She was white with anger. She held a leather riding whip in her hands and struck Linsley repeatedly on the face and over the head. Linsley said: "Somebody take her away. Mr. James, take her away." Mr. James ordered the curtain rung down. The woman was arrested and locked up on the charge of assault and battery. She gave the name of Georgia Kimball, and said that she had met Linsley in St. Louis. She said he had rejected her, and she came to Columbus for the sole purpose of disgracing and ruining him. Mr. Linsley denied he had made her any promises. Manager Owens appeared on the stage and apologized to the audience for the disgraceful scene. Linsley was greeted with cheers upon his first appearance in the last act after the whipping.

## FOREIGN.

Baron de Hirsch's will leaves \$5,000,000 for charities in Moravia.

Willie Wild, brother of Oscar Wild and ex-husband of Mrs. Frank Leslie, has been fined 5 shillings at London for being drunk and disorderly.

The distress, owing to the drought in the northwest provinces of India, is unexampled. It is estimated that 200,000 persons are employed on relief work.

Prof. Geffcken, the well-known authority on international law and editor of the *Diary of Emperors Frederick*, was suffocated in a fire at Munich, caused by the explosion of a lamp.

Constantinople newspapers were authorized to announce the death of the Shah of Persia, but without stating the cause. One newspaper announces that the Shah was out for a walk, fell unwell and died suddenly. Some apprehension is felt in official circles owing to the fact that the assassin formerly lived in Constantinople, from which place he communicated with Sheikh Jem Aladdin, who is credited with having planned to murder both the Shah and Grand Vizier of Persia.

In view of the small crop of sugar produced in Cuba last year, United States Minister Buchanan, at Buenos Ayres, says the belief has gained ground there that the Argentine raw sugar and molasses can be profitably exported to the United States. To illustrate the extent of the sugar industry in that country the Minister submits statistics showing the production by mills and by departments. In one province, Tucuman, thirty-one mills produced 240,556,976 pounds of sugar during the nine months of 1895 ended Dec. 31, being an increase of 75,172,286 pounds over the corresponding period of 1894.

It is reported that the Transvaal executive has asked each of the reform prisoners, except the leaders, to make a separate statement giving reasons why his sentence should be reduced. All the prisoners were searched and everything taken from them. The prisoners are on strictly prison fare. George Becker, United States geologist, has called Secretary Olney pointing out when in December a proposal to raise a foreign flag was made. Hammond demanded and obtained an oath of allegiance from all the members to the Transvaal flag. Their sole purpose in forming a committee was for the protection of their homes and not for revolution.

The Duke of Saxe-Meiningen and his wife were stopped Tuesday by brigands, near Frascati, Province of Rome, Italy, who demanded their money. The duke was at first inclined to resist, but his wife became hysterical and threw out her purse, containing \$13, whereupon the robbers withdrew, offering profound apologies. The robbers were masked and armed with rifles. They are known in the neighborhood as desperate characters, who would have killed or abducted the duke if he had resisted. The party consisted of, besides the duke and duchess, the Poet Richard Voß, two women and two hunkies. The latter fell into fits with fright. The Italian Government promises to hang the brigands, according to an ancient law against robbing royal personages. A regiment of hussars which was tracking the robbers reports having caught them.

The Volksraad of the South African Republic was opened Tuesday by President Kruger at Pretoria. The President in his speech said, in brief, that the recent events, "due to malevolence and selfish objects," had seriously interrupted the rest and peace of the South African Republic, adding: "It has ever been my wish to promote the development and prosperity of the republic in the most peaceable manner possible, so I am firmly convinced that it is your sincere wish to co-operate with me in this policy and that you expect with the fullest confidence that this session of the Volksraad will contribute in no small manner to the restoration of peace in this State in order that, through our united co-operation, our country may flourish and prosper for the benefit of all." The President then touched upon the foreign relations of the South

African Republic, the most delicate and eagerly anticipated portion of his speech, saying: "In spite of past troubles the republic continues to maintain friendly relations with foreign powers." This subject was then significantly dropped and the President turned to the relations between the South African republic and its sister republic, the Orange Free State, remarking: "I hope that a meeting between representatives of the Orange Free State and representatives of the South African Republic will shortly be held and plans for a closer union between the two countries will be discussed." This utterance of President Kruger was looked upon as confirming the report that negotiations have for some time past been on foot for an alliance, offensive and defensive, between the South African Republic and the Orange Free State, looking to resisting any attempt upon the part of Great Britain to interfere with the internal affairs of either country.

## IN GENERAL.

The total catch of seal in the north Atlantic for the season just closed was 207,000.

Mrs. Stanford has transferred \$2,500,000 in bonds to the Leland Stanford Jr. University.

Columbia University will send a band of naturalists to explore the Puget Sound region. They will leave New York June 10.

The Epworth League board of control has recommended that the affiliation with the Christian Endeavor Society be dissolved.

A dispatch received by the Indian Department at Ottawa, Ont., says the Indians in the Alaska district are preparing to go on the warpath. The news reached Victoria by the steamer Sitka.

Obituary: At Philadelphia, U. S. N.—At Englewood, N. Y., George S. Coe, the New York banker, 78.—At Toronto, Ont., T. Anglin, 74.—At Rockford, Ill., Mrs. W. A. Fay.—At Joliet, Ill., Thomas Taft, 60.

The business of the great Manchester Ship Canal is looking up, according to a report to the State Department by United States Consul Ginnell at Manchester, and on the basis of his figures he feels that the prospect of a more general and an increased business from the United States to Manchester by the canal seems assured. During the first three months of this year 67,389 bales of cotton arrived from the United States, a greater quantity than arrived during the entire two years since the canal opened Jan. 1, 1894. It is also expected that a part of the great American cattle and provision trade may be diverted to Manchester to the aid of the canal.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: "As the season advances there is more business, but advice indicates that on the whole the prevalent feeling is that the gain is less than there was reason to expect. While retail trade has been active enough to materially lessen stocks and obligations and thus to prevent a great many threatened embarrassments, it has not yet brought enough new business to mills or factories to prevent decrease of unfilled orders and closing of some works. Substantially the same state of things exists in all the great industries, notwithstanding the strong combinations in some, and evidence of inadequate consumption appears in the fact that the general range of prices for commodities—farm and mine as well as manufacture—products is nearly 1 per cent lower than it was April 1 and the lowest ever known, the decline since October, 1892, being 10.7 per cent."

The steamer Lakme has arrived at Seattle, Wash., from Cook's Inlet. On board was Will M. Steele, secretary of Washington Press Association, who reports his observations as follows: "The rush this spring to the gold district of Turnagain Bay, Cook's Inlet, was unprecedented. Although comparatively unexplored, numerous creeks on the bay have given up gold dust and nuggets of such value as to encourage the hopes of prospectors, numbering into the thousands. I spent two weeks cruising on the inlet, and from a careful examination of the existing conditions and authentic reports of developments and finds along numerous creeks am firmly of the opinion that the proper kind of men have no chance in casting their lines into the golden waters that flow into the inlet. Every creek and river shows traces of fine gold, which increase in coarseness as the streams are ascended, while pieces of gold-bearing quartz are frequently found in places, demonstrating that further back toward the mountains are mother lodes. Auriferous deposits cover a territory of almost unknown extent, while prospecting thus far has been comparatively slight."

## MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.50 to \$4.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 60c to 61c; corn, No. 2, 27c to 28c; oats, No. 2, 17c to 18c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 36c; butter, choice creamery, 14c to 16c; eggs, fresh, 8c to 9c; potatoes, per bushel, 15c to 20c; broom corn, 2c to 4c per lb for common growth to fine brush.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$4.50; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, common to prime, \$2.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 65c to 66c; corn, No. 1 white, 30c to 31c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 24c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 25c to 26c; oats, No. 2 white, 17c to 18c; rye, No. 2, 35c to 38c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 31c to 32c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 21c to 23c; rye, No. 2, 41c to 43c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 67c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 28c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 22c; rye, 35c to 36c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 67c to 68c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 29c to 30c; oats, No. 2 white, 19c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 37c to 38c; clover seed, \$4.50 to \$4.60.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 61c to 62c; corn, No. 3, 28c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 19c to 20c; barley, No. 2, 32c to 35c; rye, No. 1, 36c to 38c; pork, mess, \$3.00 to \$3.25.

Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.25 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 69c to 70c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 32c to 33c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c; butter, creamery, 12c to 17c; eggs, West-

## CARLOS MEXIA DEAD. WORK OF CONGRESS.

THE MEXICAN JURIST PASSES  
AWAY IN CHICAGO.

He Served His Country Abroad and Was Chief Justice of the First District of the Republic—Sensational San Francisco Suicide.

## Noted Mexican Gone.

Don Jose Carlos Mexia died at Chicago Tuesday. He was a man of varied experience and much usefulness. For the last three years he had been a resident of Chicago, living quietly, and occupying his leisure in literary pursuits. He came of a famous military family in the Mexican republic, and had always been considered an authority on Mexican law, having chosen that profession while his father and his brother devoted themselves to the army. Don Jose Carlos Mexia was born at Vera Cruz in 1837. At 22 he was admitted to the bar in the City of Mexico, and in 1861 was made judge of the district of Elvia. After the triumph of the Republican party in that country he was made chief justice of the supreme court in the first district of the Republic of Mexico. After the expiration of the term for which he had been elected he was appointed by the government to be secretary of the Mexican war claims commission sitting in Washington. Here he served his country till 1877, when he was elected to the Mexican congress, but declined to qualify, as he had little taste for legislative duties. He was sent as consul at San Francisco, and after three years received appointment to the still more important post at Liverpool. He retired from active service ten years ago, and accepted from the Mexican Government a position as official interpreter at the World's Fair, more for the opportunities the residence in Chicago gave him than because he considered it active service. He had remained in Chicago ever since. Don Jose Carlos was profoundly learned in the law. He was the author of the Mexican treatise on the constitution of the United States and was also the translator into Mexican of Kent's treatise on law.

## Cleveland's Great Coup.

Almost 30,000 Government employees were brought with one sweep under the protection of the civil service Wednesday by the issuance of an order by President Cleveland making a general revision of civil service rules. The order is the most important since the inauguration of the system more than a decade ago. It takes effect immediately. Its practical effect is the classification of all Government employees below the rank of those subject to nomination by the President and confirmation by the Senate and above the grades of laborers or workmen, with a few exceptions. The new rules add 29,399 positions to the classified list, increasing the number of classified positions from 55,736 to 85,135. The number of classified places which are excepted from examination has been reduced from 2,099 to 755, being mainly positions as cashiers in the customs, postal and internal revenue services. The only classified positions in Washington which will be excepted from examination under the new rules will be private secretaries or confidential clerks (not exceeding two) to the President and to the head of each of the eight executive departments. No positions will hereafter be subject to non-competitive examination, except in the cases of Indians employed in a teaching capacity in the Indian service.

## BREVITIES.

Fifty Osage Indians are taking the Keeley cure in Oklahoma.

Germans are beginning to appreciate the advantages of the American bicycle over those made in England.

A bill has been favorably reported to the United States Senate authorizing the purchase of the toll roads in Yosemite National Park and making them free to the public.

The House Committee on Pensions ordered a favorable report on the bill introduced by Representative Stallings to increase the pensions of veterans of the Mexican and Indian wars and their widows from \$8 to \$12 a month.

"Cottonhead" Schmidt, the 17-year-old German boy, and Sam Foster, negro, convicted of the murder of Bertram Atwater, the Chicago artist, at Webster Groves, Jan. 23, have been sentenced to be hanged at Clayton, Mo., June 18.

French excavators at Delphi have unearthed a life-size bronze statue of a bearded man, the largest yet discovered. The date of the work is 500 B. C. The statue is holding the bridle of a horse, and portions of the horse's figure have also been found.

As the result of an explosion of a gas-line stove in a Brooklyn tenement house Wednesday Mrs. Rebecca Cohen, Carl Cohen, Solomon Cohen and Mrs. Pastern were so badly burned that they died soon afterward. Two other children were also seriously burned.

When George G. Haug, 25 years of age, told the occupants of the Monarch boarding house at San Francisco that he belonged to a suicide club and would kill himself when the proper time came they treated the matter as a joke. When he took a dose of strychnine Tuesday night in the rooms of Mrs. Nellie Parker, who was his spiritual guide to the other world, they realized he meant what he had said.

He claimed to have been a member of the Central Suicide Club of New Jersey, and that when his time came to die he would die like a man. He often said that it was not far off and three weeks ago said he would die before June.

The Federal Supreme Court has decided that telegraph companies are liable to damages for delayed messages.

The German Railway has received a concession to navigate Lake Valencia, in Venezuela. The corporation will expend 4,000,000 bolivars in colonizing in that vicinity and will also establish a tramway connecting with the railroad.

The Denver Chamber of Commerce authorizes the statement that no contributions in sight in Colorado amount to nearly \$50,000.

It is reported at Boston that the widow of John Stetson committed suicide. Stetson's will, which has been found, gave all his property to his wife.

Col. North, the Chilean "nitrate king," while presiding at a meeting at the nitrate company's offices at London, Wednesday, fainted in his chair and expired.

THE WEEK'S DOINGS IN SENATE  
AND HOUSE.

A Comprehensive Digest of the Proceedings in the Legislative Chambers at Washington—Matters that Concern the People.

## Lawmakers at Labor.

The general debate on the bankruptcy bill was continued and concluded in the House Thursday. Mr. Bailey of Texas gave notice that he would offer as a substitute his voluntary bankruptcy bill. The Senate spent another day on the naval appropriation bill without completing it. Mr. Gorman further exposed the item of four battle ships and expressed the opinion that the appropriations already made would consume the balance in the treasury. A determination of the number of battle ships has not yet been reached. Mr. Chandler has proposed substituting thirty large and fast torpedo gunboats for two of the battle ships. The bill was passed increasing the pension of Brigadier General William Gross of the volunteer forces to \$75 per month.

The Senate Friday discussed the naval appropriation bill. Mr. Gorman's amendment reducing from four to two the number of battle ships to be constructed was adopted in the Senate by a vote of 31 to 27. The House again devoted the major portion of the day to debate on the bankruptcy bill. Several amendments were offered, but none were adopted. A bill to provide for a delegate in Congress from the territory of Alaska was defeated by a vote of 60 to 44.

Opponents of the bankruptcy bill which passed the House Saturday afternoon by a decisive majority, the vote being 157 yeas to 81 nays, were not confined to either of the great political parties or any section. State delegations were divided as to the propriety of such a bill and the members of the Illinois delegation were by no means favorably disposed toward the measure. Representatives Connolly, Hitt and Lorimer voted for the bill, while Messrs. Burrell, Cannon, Downing, Graft, Marsh, Smith and Wood were recorded in opposition. What is true of the Illinois delegation applies with equal force to the other State delegations, and Democrats, Populists and Republicans at last found a proposition on which they could agree and vote accordingly. All the Populists voted against the bill, Baker (Kan.), Bell (Col.), Lenn, Newlands, Suford and Stowd (N. C.). The Bailey substitute to the bill providing for voluntary bankruptcy was defeated—80 to 120. The Senate passed the naval appropriation bill. An amendment for building three torpedo boats on the Pacific coast was agreed to. The Chandler amendment providing for twenty torpedo boats was defeated—23 to 30.

The Senate passed Monday in debate of the resolution for bond investigation, ignoring the river and harbor bill. The House discussed Senate amendments to the naval appropriation bill. Quite a number of bills were passed during the day, mostly of minor importance. Among them were bills for the protection of yacht owners and shipbuilders, to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Illinois river at Grafton, Ill.; to create a new division of the eastern judiciary district of Texas; to pension Gen. Joseph R. West at the rate of \$50 per month and to authorize South Dakota to select the Fort Sully military reservation as part of the lands granted to that State.

The opponents of four battle ships sustained defeat in the House Tuesday on the proposition to accept the Senate amendment to the naval appropriation bill, reducing the number to two. Senator Hill added another day—the fifth—in opposition to the bond resolution in the Senate. Some progress was made on the river and harbor bill by taking it up in the morning hour. The only changes made were those restoring the authorization of contracts of \$1,400,000 for Sabine Pass, Tex., and \$987,000 for Savannah, Ga., harbor. A large number of pension bills were passed.

The Senate again put in a day Wednesday debating the subject of investigation of recent bond issues. The House served notice on the Senate and the country that it had transacted its business and was ready for the final adjournment. The report on the contested election case of Thompson versus Shaw from the Third North Carolina District, which was unanimously in favor of the sitting member, was adopted. A bill granting the widow of Secretary Gresham a pension of \$100 per month was passed.

## A Patriotic Girl.

A bright and patriotic America girl who was recently in Oxford, England, attended an afternoon tea while there, and soon found herself, her country, its institutions and customs objects of great interest. The conversation was animated and prolonged well into the evening, and the young American took a conspicuous part therein. Physically exhausted thereby, the maiden knelt for her customary devotions at her bedside that night in a mood somewhat less attentive than usual, so that, as she confessed confidentially to her friends, she discovered herself saying: "Thy will be done on earth as it is in America."—New York Tribune.

## Etiquette of Introductions.

It is the duty of the hostess to see that her guests are acquainted.

It is bad form to introduce on the street or any place of amusement.

Two ladies can shake hands on being introduced. It is considered good form.

Young women when introduced to young men should not offer to shake hands.

When an introduction is given the name should be pronounced in a clear, distinct tone.

Introductions should not be given either at home or in society unless permission is asked.

In the introduction of elderly people the younger should be introduced to the elder—not the reverse.

A hostess should always extend her hand to a stranger when brought to her house for the first time.

At large social affairs, such as the dance, chaperons often ask young men if they will be presented to the young women under their charge.

[illegible]

Trade has been withdrawn, and the missionaries may stay after a

at Elk Mountain, near Custer, S. was shot and instantly killed by Sellers. The affair was the result of a quarrel between the families to which they belonged.

The United States gunboat Com-  
which has been stationed with the As-  
squadron for the last five years, has  
arrived at San Francisco from the Or-  
coming by way of Honolulu.

It is a divine privilege to be head of a family, and a man has no right to abuse that privilege.

## THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from the office in the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.

BY C. T. KOOVERS.  
Terms:—\$1.00 per year; 5 months, 50 cents; 3 months, 25 cents.  
Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.  
Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second-class matter.

CHELSEA, THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1896.

## NEIGHBORHOOD NOTES.

### Anna.

Arl Guerin has been spending a few days in Jackson.

I. Storms and Mrs. F. Ward spent Tuesday in Ann Arbor.

The young people are enjoying the pleasant evenings May baskets.

Mrs. Wm. Whitaker from Ann Arbor has been visiting friends here.

### Vanilla.

Rev. Thistle is visiting near Toledo.

Gus Summer made a business trip to Leslie Thursday.

Mrs. Lorena May visited her parents at Leslie last week.

Farmers are busy planting corn and ploughing for beans.

The ice cream social, last Wednesday night, was well attended.

Rev. Palmer filled the pulpit Sunday morning in Mr. Thistle's place.

Eugene May has accepted a position with James Coulson at Stockbridge.

### Francisco.

Mrs. D. H. Hall has been on the sick list.

Our farmers are very busy now and the prospects for a good harvest are good.

The bicycle craze has certainly struck our village. One can hardly go five rods in any direction without meeting one.

Rev. C. E. Hulbert will speak next Sunday afternoon at the English church in Francisco on the subject of "Christian Unity." Mr. Hulbert is not only a veteran of the late war but also a veteran in the cause of Christian unity and fellowship. We hope all Christians will turn out to hear him.

### Sylvan.

Mrs. Wm. Gray was a Sylvan visitor last week.

Mrs. James Beckwith is still visiting in Detroit.

The pastor of our church is now preaching in Francisco Sunday afternoon.

The Ladies' Aid society had a good meeting at the home of Mrs. Jacob Dancer Wednesday last.

Rev. C. E. Hulbert of Detroit will be a Sylvan visitor next Sunday, and may speak in our church.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year by our Y. P. S. C. E.: C. Densmore, president; Wm. Kellogg, vice-president; Miss Amy Gilbert, secretary; Miss Cora E. Beckwith, treasurer.

### COUNTY AND VICINITY.

An unknown laborer on the Ann Arbor road met with an accident last week from which he died at the county house. No one knew his name nor where he came from.

Deputy Sheriff Wood shot a man who had been sentenced to the house of correction and who started to run while being taken to the jail. A package of letters saved the fellow from a severe injury.

A blue racer was killed near this place Saturday. A sure sign that spring has come.—Eaton Rapids Herald. Yes, for a local option county. But it's no sign here in Ingham; here snakes may be visible all the year around.—Stockbridge Sun.

There was trouble in the family of a sixth ward colored man last Thursday night. The husband wanted to remove to Toledo but the wife refused. The police had to settle the row that followed. Then the husband tried to poison himself but the doctors saved him. He finally obeyed his wife's orders and left the town.—Ann Arbor Register.

Young lads of not over ten years of age are commonly seen on our streets puffing away on cigarette. Where do they get them? Not of dealers, of course, for in the 3d volume of Howell's Statutes, sec 9122, is found this law: "The people of the state of Michigan enact, That it shall not be lawful for any person by himself, his clerk or agent, to sell, give or furnish any cigar, cigarette, chewing or smoking tobacco, or tobacco in any form whatever, to any minor under seventeen years of age, unless upon the written order of the parent or guardian of said minor. The fine for the violation of this act is \$5 to \$50 or ten to thirty days in jail, or both." Of course none of our dealers are law breakers.

## AN UNENVIABLE LOT.

The Life of a Missionary in China From Pleasant.

The lot of the missionary in China, particularly the zealous minister of the gospel, who wanders away from the beaten paths and into new territory, is far from pleasant. It is a most dangerous proceeding, for in the localities of the recent massacres the minds of the ignorant Chinese have been poisoned by the reports circulated by designing officials, and a portion of the population is decidedly opposed to the presence of the Christians.

All sorts of stories are told of the cruelties practiced by the missionaries and every little while this hatred, fanned to a flame, breaks out and several missionaries and their families are persecuted. Sometimes they escape with their lives and only their property is destroyed, but it not infrequently happens that there is considerable loss of life, as in the recent cases. Then there is a great hue and cry and the United States government and other powers are denounced for not sending a fleet of warships to the scene, regardless of the fact that the scene of the disturbances are always hundreds of miles inland, far from the coast and navigable rivers. To send a land force would only mean the addition of so many more victims to the already long list. For the United States to send a force of men to the locality where the last massacre occurred would be about as reasonable as it would have been for the King of Italy to have ordered a force to march from New York to Colorado, where there were a number of Italians killed by a mob a few months since.

The missionaries are themselves largely to blame for being in such an exposed position. The Chinese government has repeatedly warned them to work only in partially civilized regions where they can be properly protected. But the progressive missionary does not want his field of labor limited in the East, and the consequences are that many of them have gone into a territory peopled largely by savages, who, although they are under the rule of the Emperor of China, pay him but slight allegiance. These savages are continually breaking out into riotous proceedings and the life of the officials is made very wearisome, especially since it means that the vicerey is likely to be shorn of his raiment and also his head, should any missionaries be killed and the country from whence they came make a very great noise over the affair.

## LONGEVITY THEIR INHERITANCE

Although Their Parents Both Died Young, of Consumption.

Seldom can a family be found with so remarkable a history for healthful longevity as the Wilkinson family, of Mount Holly, N. J. All the members are past three score and ten, yet not one of them has ever had a day's illness, although their father and mother died at an early age, both victims of consumption. The children have never shown any symptoms of the disease, and are hearty, with clear intellects and understanding. Some of them can read fine print without the aid of glasses.

Their ages are as follows: Mrs. Martha Groom, 91 years; Priscilla Watkins, 88 years; Margaret F. Lamb, 84 years; Ann Curtis, 83 years; Mrs. Ruth R. Barton, 82 years; Lavina Watkins, 79 years; Abel Watkins, 79 years; William E. Watkins, 77 years. Their aggregate age is 662 years, an average of 82 years. This happy band of brothers and sisters have now living 15 children, 35 grandchildren and 27 great-grandchildren.

All the sisters are members of the First Baptist Church, of Mount Holly, and Mrs. Groom, the eldest, has been a member of the Baptist denomination for 65 years. Their parents died at the age of 48 and 52 respectively. All were born at the homestead farm, near Mount Holly, which until recently was in the possession of the family, and had been for over 175 years.

Wonderful are the cures accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla and yet it is only because Hood's Sarsaparilla, the one true blood purifier, makes pure, rich, healthy, life-giving blood.

Hood's Pills for the liver and bowels, act easily, yet promptly and efficiently. 25c.

Improper and deficient care of the scalp will cause grayness of the hair and baldness. Escape both by the use of that reliable specific, Hall's Hair Renewer.

Have you seen those beautiful Newman Bro. organs that have just arrived at C. Steinbach's?

## HAVE YOU GOT SUPERFLUOUS HAIR?

If So, Read this Business Proposition.

We can destroy it forever in four to ten weeks with our wonderful new process.

Applications can be made once a week by you as well as by us. Mild and harmless as water.

Leaves the skin textures as nature made them.

Instantly removes hair anywhere. Can be had only from us.

We do not sell to one drug store. Every package guaranteed to cure in a short time.

Send to us immediately for full particulars.

To the first lady in each place that answers this notice we will offer a special inducement in order to introduce it everywhere.

CALUMET CHEMICAL COMPANY, 19 Calumet Building, Chicago, Ill.

**TIED MOTHERS** find help in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives them pure blood, a good appetite and new and needed **STRENGTH**.

## Easy to Take Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man

## Hood's Pills

aid: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## Not True

That I am going out of business as has been reported. Now have ready for exhibition and sale all the

## Latest Styles

In my line and will be pleased to wait on all who may come, especially soliciting the continued patronage of those who so long dealt with my mother.

## Kathryn Hooker

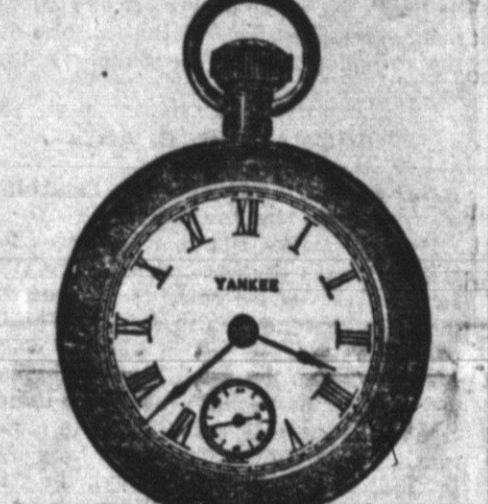
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and 365 days ahead.

## Archie Merchant, Agent.

OLIVE LODGE NO 156, F. & A. M.

Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., for 1896.

Jan. 18, Feb. 25, March 24, April 21, May 26, June 23, July 21, Aug. 18, Sept. 15, Oct. 20, Nov. 17. Annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 15th.

J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

## Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago and get a free sample of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by Glazier & Stimson, druggists.

## Paper Hanging.

If you want your rooms decorated in an artistic manner at reasonable prices, give us a trial. Orders left at the Standard office will receive prompt attention. R. J. & G. D. BECKWITH.

Pay the printer.

## Ladies:

Do you know the best place in Chelsea to buy a hat or bonnet? Well, give us a call and you will soon find that it is at

## Ella M. Craig's

I have just bought and am receiving an elegant new line of millinery goods for spring and summer trade.

## Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. Notice hereby given, that by an order of the probate court for the county of Washtenaw, made on the eleventh day of May, A. D. 1896, six months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Alvah Hudson, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said probate court, at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 11th day of November next, and that such claims will be heard before said court on the 11th day of August and on the 11th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated: Ann Arbor, May 11th, A. D. 1896. J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate.

## Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate office in the city of Ann Arbor on Friday, the 17th day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of John Oldenhege deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Catherine Oldenhege praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate and that administration of said estate may be granted to Henry Oldenhege, the executor in said will named or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 15th day of May, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate (A TRUE COPY.) Wm. G. Doty, Probate Register. 10

## Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the probate court for the county of Washtenaw, holden at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor on Friday the 24th day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-six.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Franklin F. Tucker, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of George W. Turnbull praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate and that administration of said estate may be granted to himself, the executor in said will named or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the 5th day of May, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.) Wm. G. Doty, Probate Register. 11

## REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

## Chelsea Savings Bank.

at Chelsea, Michigan

At the close of Business, May 7, 1896.

## RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts, \$91,915.11

Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc. 77,401.57

Banking house, 4,200.00

Furniture and fixtures, 3,997.80

Other real estate, 15,811.27

Due from banks in reserve cities, 29,901.28

Exchanges for clearing house, 1,996.77

Checks and cash items, 4,189.93

Nickels and cents, 231.78

Gold coin, 3,170.00

Silver coin, 1,110.60

U. S. and National Bank Notes, 5,969.00

Total, \$239,889.01

## LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in, \$60,000.00

Surplus fund, 4,880.76

Undivided profits less current expenses, interest and taxes paid, 1,980.77

Commercial deposits subject to check, 35,459.91

Commercial certificates of deposit, 54,562.80

Savings deposits, 21,213.33

Savings certificates of deposits, 61,801.44

Total, \$239,889.01

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.

I, Geo. P. Glazier, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Geo. P. GLAZIER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of May, 1896.

THEO. E. WOOD, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: { Wm. J. KNAPP, H. S. HOLMES, W. P. SCHENK, Directors.

Total deposits, \$175,027.48  
Total loans, 169,316.68  
Total cash, 46,463.36

## A Warm Weather Truss



This sounds queer when everybody knows that a truss should be suitable to wear during all seasons. What we mean is that all sufferers from hernia prefer to wear a truss that will be as cool as possible during warm weather. The American Silver Trusses are light and easy to wear and the silver wire is smooth and cooling. No padded, sweaty unpleasantness or chafing. They are the only correct truss. Call and see them.

## R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.

## FARMERS!

Don't fail to call on H. L. Wood & Co. for Garden and Field Seeds. They have a good stock. Also one dozen varieties of Early Potatoes for seed. New pure maple sugar for 10 cents per pound.

## H. L. WOOD & CO.

## What's the Matter

With the price of ICE? The mercury has come up but ice is coming down. Who brought down the price?

## ROBT. LEACH.

He will supply pure ice from Cedar and Mill Lakes, not from a barn yard pond, and refrigerators during the season at lowest rates. Don't make contracts for '96 until he talks with you. He is also prepared to do teaming and furnish stone and sand and gravel at lowest prices.

## ROBERT LEACH.



Are Built in the Largest and Best Equipped Factory in the World.

Experienced Riders select the Waverley because they have learned to know the difference between a wheel that is actually high grade and one that is simply claimed to be. Some others may be as good but the Waverley is the highest of all high grades. Scorchers (3 heights) \$45.00, Bettle 25 and 25 inch \$75.00 and \$85.00.

Made by Indiana Bicycle Co Indianapolis, Ind.

## W. J. KNAPP, Agent.

## WHY NOT

Purchase your groceries where you are sure of getting what you pay for. Goods suit or we keep 'em.

## J. S. Cummings

The Grocer.

## The COAST LINE to MACKINAC

TAKE THE D.E. TO MACKINAC DETROIT PETOSKEY CHICAGO

2 New Steel Passenger Steamers

The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction—Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishings, Decoration and Efficient Service, insuring the highest degree of

CONFORT, SPEED AND SAFETY.

Four Trips per Week Between Toledo, Detroit & Mackinac PETOSKEY, "THE BOO," MARQUETTE, AND DULUTH.

LOW RATES to Pictured Rocks, Mackinac and Return, including Meals and Berths. From Cleveland, \$18; from Toledo, \$15; from Detroit, \$12.50.

EVERY EVENING Between Detroit and Cleveland Connecting at Cleveland with Earliest Trains for all points East, South and Southwest and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest. Sunday Trips June, July, August and September only.

EVERY DAY BETWEEN Cleveland, Put-in-Bay & Toledo Send for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHWARTZ, 20 N. W. DETROIT, MICH. The Detroit and Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.

## Foot-Lights

Illustrated: Weekly. Clever Short Stories, Gossip about Actors and Actresses and Musical Matters. Criticism of the new plays. Letters from London, Paris and Rome. All about new books. \$1.00 a year. Send for sample copy.

35 FOOT-LIGHTS, Philadelphia, Pa.

## WANTED—AN IDEA

Who can think of a thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,500 prize offer.

## Why don't you pay the printer?

## Announcement!

After May 1, 1896, the following changes will be made in the prices of collars and cuffs. Collars now 25c will be 25c, cuffs per pair now 40c will be 50c. We feel obliged to do this for, at the present prices there is really no profit in laundering them. Respectfully,

## Chelsea Steam Laundry.

# LOCAL BREVITIES.

Remember the flower festival.

Born, Sunday, May 10, 1896, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Schumacher, a son.

The boys are all out nowadays, getting in trim for the bicycle races on Wednesday.

The W. C. T. U. will meet with Mrs. J. C. Taylor, Friday afternoon, May 15th, at 8 o'clock.

In the issue of the Standard of this date one year ago, we reported a heavy snow storm and a killing frost.

The B. Y. P. U. will hold an ice cream social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. Lane, Tuesday evening, May 19. Everybody cordially invited.

Remember that next Wednesday has been set apart as a day of sports, and that the managers have arranged a program that will be interesting to all.

Jacob Schumacher has been improving his residence property on South Main street by raising up his house, grading the grounds and laying a cement walk.

Postmaster Laird spent last week at Newaygo, and the tales of fishing exploits that he has been telling since his return are simply marvelous, still we don't doubt but that every word of them are the truth.

The flower festival of the Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church is now being held in M. Boyd's store. Flowers and plants of all description and colors have been purchased in profusion and are now offered to the people of Chelsea at reasonable prices.

Sugar is going to be higher this year than for many years past, because of the failure of about 1,100,000 tons in the island of Cuba. As things always—or most always—go by contraries, it is presumed that there will be a fine fruit crop this year.—Ann Arbor Courier.

A large party of relatives and friends of W. R. Purchase gathered at the home of his daughter, Mrs. G. H. Foster, Wednesday, to help him celebrate the eightieth anniversary of his birth. A very pleasant afternoon was passed by those participating. A beautiful supper was served to which all did ample justice. Among the presents was a purse of \$20.

Sheriff Judson since he came out on top in the republican county convention, has blossomed out in the pink of perfection of dress according to the Detroit Tribune. He is represented by an illustration in that paper as wearing an English hat and swallow tail coat and smoking a cigar. Now the cigar part of the picture is all right, but the Argus greatly questions if the genial William's best friends ever saw him clad in a claw hammer.—Ann Arbor Argus.

A judge in charging a jury recently remarked that the owner of real estate owns the sidewalk in front of his own property, subject to the right of pedestrians to use it for traveling back and forward, but outside of this, he owns the sidewalk as any part of his property. It cannot be used for roller skating or any other playground without his consent. If it is, he should first order them to leave, and if they resist he may use as much force as is necessary to remove them, but no more.

In response to invitation a large number of friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wood of North Lake Wednesday, May 13, to witness the marriage of their daughter, Nettie M. Wood, to Springfield L. Leach of this place. The hour appointed for the ceremony was "high noon." Rev. C. L. Adams led the way into the parlor followed by the bride and groom. The solemn vows were taken, congratulations were offered and then came the wedding feast. It was a pleasant occasion. The Standard extends best wishes.

A swindle which is evidently new is being worked with great success in many towns. A woman hood agent appears in a town and goes from house to house, leaving books for examination. Next day a man calls to see if the books are wanted, and if not he takes them away with him. Usually they are not wanted. A few days later the woman agent appears again and on being told that the man has taken away the books, weeps copiously and the villian has been collecting her books all over town, pleads poverty and so on and accepts the proffered compensation.

Rev. W. R. Northrup, D. D., will preach in the Baptist church next Sunday, May 17th.

The L. O. T. M.'s will meet Tuesday evening, May 19th, at 7:30 o'clock for drill. Let all members be present.

All Maccabees wanting caps and badges for Decoration Day should leave their order with D. H. Wurster at once.

In our report of the graduation exercises of the Lima school last week, we unintentionally omitted the name of the valedictorian, Joseph Smith.

The following subjects will be discussed each Sunday morning in the Baptist church, commencing May 24: "Officers and Offices of the New Testament Church," "The Seven Messages to the Seven Churches," "Spiritual Lessons from Rainbow."

The reason for the Standard not reaching our readers on time is on account of the slowness of advertisers in getting in their copy. It takes time to place them in type and when they are brought in the last moment when there is a rush of local matter to "set up" simply makes it impossible for us to get out on time.

The school will give an entertainment under the management of Mrs. McCane, May 22d, at the Town Hall, consisting of light opera, entitled, "Grandma's Birthday," by the lower grades; dumb bell and fan drills, solos and choruses from the older scholars. This entertainment is given for the benefit of the school. It will be worthy of your patronage.

A neighboring judge gives the following as the rights on the public highways in towns and cities: "The streets belong to teams and vehicles, and pedestrians have no more business upon them than the teams would have upon the sidewalks. The crossings at the street corners belong to pedestrians who have the right of way there, by law, as against teams. Many drivers ignore the law and dash over crosswalks, endangering the limbs of pedestrians, without thinking they are violating the law. No vehicle or horse can, within the law, be driven rapidly over the crossing."—Ex.

Next Sunday, May 17th, is the seventh anniversary of the Epworth League of the M. E. church. The day will begin with a sunrise service at 6 o'clock led by Mrs. C. S. Winans. By special invitation the pastor will preach the sermon to the League at 10:30 a. m. All members of the League and other young people of the congregation are requested to meet in the church parlors promptly at 10:15 that all may be seated together in the church. At 6:30 the vesper service will be in charge of Mrs. C. L. Adams. At 7:30 in the evening will occur the anniversary exercises conducted by the League. It is expected the day will be one of unusual interest. The young people's societies of the other churches have been invited to attend in the evening.

Hon. John J. Robison of Sharon expressed his appreciation of our items regarding boys running about the streets nights, in last week's Enterprise, and said that when he first went to Ann Arbor there were a number of boys who were continually seen about the campus and adjacent streets, who were warned of the bad habits they were likely to form by such conduct and bad companionship, but that they heeded not the advice, and when he was county clerk the second time three of these boys were sent to prison and he made out the commitment papers. We hope that our boy readers of the Enterprise and their parents will learn from this that home is the best place for boys. Play and have fun day-times but stay home nights boys, and when you grow to men you will never regret it.—Manchester Enterprise.

Wanted.—A steady, intelligent boy. Inquire at this office.

First-Class Steamboat Service. Between Detroit and Cleveland and on May 1 will commence to run daily between Cleveland, Put-in-Bay and Toledo. If you are traveling between the above points take advantage of a water trip and save money. Spend your vacation on the Great Lakes. Send for illustrated pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—Agents for my new "Up to Date Piano Teacher." Anybody can learn to play in one-half hour without lessons. Quick sellers. Big money makers. C. S. REED, Calumet Building, Chicago, U. S. A.

## PERSONAL.

Mrs. R. Glenn of Pinckney spent Tuesday here.

C. E. Stimson spent the first of the week in Parma.

Miss Minnie Vogel spent part of last week in Detroit.

Chas Miller has been spending a few days in Toledo.

Mrs. O. B. Taylor of Detroit is the guest of Jas. Taylor.

Chas. Foren spent Sunday with his mother at this place.

Miss Cora Taylor was an Ann Arbor visitor last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Neckel went to Detroit Thursday.

Miss Agnes McKune of Detroit spent Sunday in town.

Tracy Sweetland of Ypsilanti is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. D. H. Wurster spent Sunday with relatives in Webster.

Dr. F. N. Freer of Elmira, is visiting relatives at this place.

Miss Lillian Hawley was the guest of Jackson friends Sunday.

Miss Effa Armstrong of Ann Arbor is spending a few days at home.

Miss Edna Greeny of Grass Lake spent part of last week in town.

Mrs. Clarence Maroney was a Detroit visitor the latter part of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Chase spent the latter part of last week in Detroit.

Miss Delia Ellsworth of Detroit spent Monday with friends in town.

Irving Wynkoop and Ed. Kilburn of Ann Arbor were in town Saturday.

Dr. Thos. Shaw of Ypsilanti was in town the latter part of last week.

H. S. Holmes, Geo. Blach and G. H. Kempf were Manchester visitors Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Conk drove from Hersey last week, arriving here Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Schmidt and Mrs. J. Schleferstein are visiting friends in Amherst, O.

Mrs. G. E. Hathaway of Salice spent Sunday here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Martin.

Mrs. G. W. Summers of West Point, Neb., was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Freeman last week.

Miss Blanche Cole spent Monday in Ypsilanti.

Miss M. M. Campbell is visiting her sister in Solo.

Mrs. R. B. Parker visited friends in Detroit last week.

Mrs. Geo. H. Kempf spent part of last week in Detroit.

A. C. Pierce spent several days of the past week at Toledo.

Miss Ella Craig has been spending part of this week in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Howlett of Ann Arbor were in town Monday.

Miss Jessie Merrill of Detroit is the guest of friends at this place.

Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Congdon of Dexter were Chelsea visitors Sunday.

Mrs. Arnold Prudden is spending some time with her daughter in Ludington.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Bird of Romulus were the guests of relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Dean of Parma spent Sunday here, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. Keenan.

Rev. and Mrs. J. H. McIntosh and daughter of Stockbridge, were the guests of Chelsea friends this week.

Mrs. L. V. Ives and Mrs. May Avery of Stockbridge were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Parker, Wednesday.

Frank Taylor, who has completed the course at the Detroit Business University, is among his Chelsea friends again.

Rev. C. L. Adams was in Albion Tuesday in the interest of Detroit Conference examinations. He met several old friends while there.

Theophil Eisen son of Rev. G. Eisen left Chelsea Tuesday morning on the 7 o'clock train for Newark, N. J., where he enters into the grocery business with his uncle.

## School Report.

Report of school in district No. 5, Lyndon, for the month ending April 30. Attending every day Calista and Floyd Boyce, Lillie Park, Ernest Pickell, Alta Skidmore, Grace Collins, Standing 90, Kate and Grace Collins, Sogenevne Young, Lillie Parks.

Mrs. L. A. STEPHENS.

A magnificent lot of top and open buggies and double surreys to be seen at C. Steinhach's. Before purchasing, take a look at them.

## SOUND SENSE

Guides the majority of the Chelsea public these days; most people know the true value of eatables and are not going to be induced to buy a cheap low grade article of food at a low price when they can get the choicest of the land at the RIGHT PRICE. It costs no more to live well on choice eatables than it does to live poorly on cheap, trashy eatables; we are constantly on the hunt after all the good things to supply the wants of the inner man and always keep the price in touch with the times. Our immense Tea and Coffee trade "sticks" to us because of the exceptionally fine quality and reasonable price of the goods we sell. Our Mocha Java and Rio Blend coffee at 28c per lb. is a "stunner" for competitors to compete with, and for fine drinking qualities, delicious flavor, delightful aroma beautiful golden color is not equalled in the Chelsea market; try it and you will have demonstrated to your satisfaction that what we say is true. THIS WEEK we will have our usual supply of BAKED GOODS direct from Kennedy's and you will do well to give them a trial. Also a fine lot of choice large yellow BANANAS, LEMONS, PINEAPPLES, STRAWBERRIES, ORANGES, and fresh VEGETABLES.

## CROCKERY

We are pushing this department with the determination to do the business and are making some prices that will attract buyers to our store. We are over stocked in this department and must unload profit or no profit.

- 25 6-piece toilet sets at \$2.50.
- 15 10 piece toilet sets at \$3.25.
- \$14.00 dinner sets for \$11.50.
- 12.00 dinner sets for 10.00.
- 15.00 dinner sets for 13.00.
- 8.00 dinner sets for 7.00

Plain white porcelain in beautiful new shapes and at the lowest prices you ever heard of. Our Forget-me-not stock pattern is a beauty and don't cost much to see it. NEW GLASS WARE—Glass Pitchers Berry Sets, Water Sets, Fruit dishes, Water Glasses, Comports, Nappies, Butter Dishes, Creamers, Sugars, all bought to sell at once and at a low price. We want the cash you need the goods, come and see, get our prices, you will surely buy.

WHO CUTS THE BEST CHEESE? TRY

## FREEMAN'S.

## SUNDAY, MAY 10TH

is the date upon which we will open our ICE CREAM parlors, and continue throughout the season to serve our patrons with delicious ice cream. Special prices to socials, picnics, parties, etc. Cream delivered to all parts of the village.

## Neckel Bros.

Opposite Town Hall.

## Hardware & Furniture

We offer special inducements now to buyers of

Lumber Wagons, Plows, Cultivators, Harrows, Spraying Pumps, Garden Hose, Barb-wire and all kinds of Building Material.

Everything in the Furniture line. Bedroom Suits, Dining Tables, Dining Chairs, Couches, and anything found in a first class furniture department. Prices lower than ever on anything in our line. Come to us on paints and oils. We will save you money.

## HOAG & HOLMES

## ADVERTISING DOES PAY

... If you doubt it ...

## TRY THE Chelsea Standard GIANT CEMENT

Mends Everything.

The only cement that will stand hot water, manufactured by Giant Manufacturing Co., Jackson, Mich. For sale by

- R. S. Armstrong & Co., Druggist.
- Glazier & Stimson, Drugs and Groceries.
- F. Kandlehner, Groceries and Jewelry.
- L. T. Freeman, Groceries & Crockery.

Chelsea, Mich.

Do You

## FEEL SICK?

Disease commonly comes on with slight symptoms, which when neglected increase in extent and gradually grow dangerous.

- If you SUFFER FROM HEADACHE, DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION, TAKE RIPANS TABULES
- If you are BILIOUS, CONSTIPATED, or have LIVER COMPLAINT, TAKE RIPANS TABULES
- If your COMPLEXION IS SALLOW, or you SUFFER DISTRESS AFTER EATING, TAKE RIPANS TABULES
- For OFFENSIVE BREATH and ALL DISORDERS OF THE STOMACH, TAKE RIPANS TABULES

Ripans Tabules Regulate the System and Preserve the Health.

ONE EASY TO TAKE GIVES QUICK TO ACT RELIEF.

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists, or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to The Ripans Chemical Company, No. 16 Spruce St., New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

## Headquarters for Sweet Peas

Mixed Varieties per pound 40 cents, Half pound 25 cents, Quarter pound 15 cents.

THE ONLY NEW DOUBLE SWEET PEA Bride of Niagara True to name. Packet 25 cents, half Packet 15 cents.

The Wonderful Crimson Rambler Rose Only 15 cents.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE, 1896, THE PIONEER SEED CATALOGUE. Chromo-lithographs of Double Sweet Pea, Rose, Fuchsia White Phenomenal, Blackberries, Raspberries, New Leader Tomato, Vegetables.

Filled with good things old and new. Full list of Flowers, Vegetables, Small Fruits, etc., with description and prices. Mailed on receipt of 10 cts. which may be deducted from first order—really FREE—or free with an order for any of the above.

ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.

## JAMES VICK'S SONS



# WORTH

By JEAN MURPHY

## CHAPTER XI.

What is going on this same Saturday afternoon at Silvermead?

Lady Prendergast sits erect in her favorite high-backed chair in the state drawing room. Camilla stands a few feet off, and Cyril Acton is taking leave, hat in hand, after an afternoon call. What had passed between these three is apparently as momentous and exciting nature, for the two young people seemed flushed and anxious, while Lady Prendergast has a deeper line than usual between her brows, and steadies her voice with difficulty as she says:

"No, Mr. Acton, I am not angry—not angry with you at least. I am sorry that you should have taken so much trouble to visit."

"I am very sorry to have failed, of course."

Here he glanced at Camilla, from whose eyes there shone flames of fire as they met Acton's without a gleam of shame or confusion. They seemed to say—

"Heed her not, she shall never subdue me."

"I do not wish you," pursued the old lady, "to leave this house with any lingering misapprehensions on your mind. Have I made myself quite clear?"

"I—I think so."

"My conclusions are two, not hard to remember, if you separate them from all the discussions we have had to go into. First, then, your request is refused once and for all. Secondly, in consequence of that refusal, as also on account of the new circumstances in which my grandchild now finds herself, I must beg, nay, I insist, that you meet her no more."

"Yes, Lady Prendergast, there is no danger of my forgetting either of those points."

This Mr. Acton said with unconcealed bitterness.

"As for Camilla, I have expressly forbidden her to see you or communicate with you again, and she is bound by every law, human and divine, to show me obedience. For yourself, I know you well enough to feel sure that you will make it a point of honor not to tempt this misguided girl to disobey me. Personally, I need hardly tell you that I am very, very sorry that for a long time at least we shall meet no more."

Lady Prendergast here extended her hand, which he took, and they exchanged a mutual "Good-by."

"Grandma, I don't think this bell rings. I will try the one in the hall," and despite a stern "Camilla!" from her relative, which she affected not to hear, she and Cyril Acton disappeared from the room together.

"I dare not walk around with you," she said, in a hurried whisper. "Oh! how shall I ever thank you?"

"Lilla, when you know I am more than repaid by—"

"Oh, bless you!" she went on, wringing his hand, her head half turned back lest they should unawares be watched. "Oh, I am ashamed to ask the question, but you will be there?"

"I swear it," he said, pressing to his lips the little white hand which still held his.

And he was gone, while Camilla flew back to her grandmother.

"Camilla," began the old lady, "I feel convinced that in spite of the awful sin which it involves, you have asked Acton to meet you again."

"No, no."

"Camilla," she said, in a very low and solemn voice, "I have ever found you truth itself. Still, I fear I know that you are keeping something back from me. Child, she went on, and her voice lost its sternness and became on a sudden so piteous that even Camilla, who loved her not, and who had especially hardened her heart against her on this occasion, seemed sensibly moved by it. "Child, you know I am miserable; a word from you can set me at rest. What was your object in leaving the room just now? Oh, I am no longer commanding—I entreat."

Camilla may have felt this now, for a slight thrill of emotion ran through her, and she had a certain pity for Lady Prendergast. But she never moved from where she was.

"Why," she asked herself, "if I am all in all to her, would she not listen to Cyril's prayer? Unbounded love means unbounded sacrifice. I will not be deceived by her. She may not know she is speaking falsely, but I know it. She would rather see me dead at her feet, with all her boasted love for me, than bend where I want her to bend. That is loving herself first, not me, as she pretends." Then aloud: "Grandma, ask me nothing more to-day. I have spoken the truth to you. I will answer or tell you nothing more, either because there is nothing more to tell or because I cannot tell it. Why pain me by making me repeat this thing again and again?"

"Ah!" said her ladyship, between two moods, "in one thing, at least, you are my own child! When you do say, 'I won't,' there's an end of it."

It is easier to surround a fortress than to get inside, and poor Lady Prendergast thought of this as she sat there to-day encircling the fair young being with her aged arms, whose heart she knew only too well that she could not enter.

"And now, grandma, dear," said the girl, "I feel tired and worn out by all this—this piece of work we have had. I want to be alone. I think I could sleep, for I had a bad night. Please let me go to my room and lie down till dinner time."

And without waiting for formal permission she gave her relative a kiss and fled away to the solitude she yearned for.

Perhaps we shall find that Camilla Harding had still more need of a good sound afternoon's sleep, with a view to the night of this particular day, than was ever shadowed forth in the above exit speech of hers.

"Ha!" thought the old lady, as she took refuge from the hard things of life in the pleasant ones of fiction, and resumed the half-finished novel at her side, "what a blessing that Heaven still spares me vig-

orous eyes! By their help I am independent of all the world. Heigho! though, I wish I could find out how to make my little Lilla love me!"

## CHAPTER XII.

The accident to Lady Caulfield had no serious consequence. It was, indeed, alarming; arising as it did in the highly undisciplined maneuver on her part of catching a crab, and thus upsetting the very small boat in which she and Jack Forbes were. They were no sooner in the water—a fact which, as neither of them could swim a yard, terrified them beyond measure—than they found themselves, to their intense delight, on land; land, that is, at the bottom of the water—the lake, which was for the most part deep, being fortunately but about three feet six in depth at that particular part.

As Horace and Lady Susan reached the brink on one side, Sir Howard and Lord Caulfield did so on the other; and the only wonder is, how these four well-bred persons managed to keep their risible faculties within any reasonable bounds.

There, at some twenty yards from the shore, stood the drowner, who had called so lustily for help, clinging to each other in a fashion which looked like nothing but the most tremendous hugging.

A room had been prepared for her ladyship, and when they had got her comfortably to bed, such a quantity of hot grog was poured by different hands down her throat, that besides being horribly scalded about that region and her mouth, the poor lady was made—well—most suspiciously talkative, of course all with the best intentions in the world.

Jack Forbes, not being so illustrious an individual, was suffered to content himself with such attentions as he might choose to bestow upon himself, which were almost nil.

As to Sir Howard, when he found that the little contretemps was likely to have no serious consequences, he began to look upon it quite as a providential blessing. He insisted upon the Caulfields sending off for such baggage as they might require for a couple of nights, and was uncommonly proud of the dash and generalship exhibited by his beloved nephew under Lady Susan's eye, and for the deliverance from her awful position of that rich young lady's mamma.

But no sooner had the general good night been given than Horace sought the old butler, and telling him he was certain he should never close an eye all night unless he went out first for a ramble, arranged that one of the back doors should remain unbarred, he being provided with the keys thereof.

And what is his errand and whither is he bent? In sooth he knows not.

Yet not more surely does the homing pigeon wing its flight to the parent dovecot than a lover instinctively wends his way toward that particular spot of earth where his lady dwells.

He was just emerging from a little copse, at not much more than a mile from Silvermead, when even his brave young heart was startled from all its self-possession by a loud sound which, of all possible ones, was the last to be expected in that place, and at that time. This was the shrill and prolonged neighing of a horse; there was nothing but deer in Silvermead Park, and Horace, on following the sound and turning a dense corner of the plantation to his right—which shut off the animal from view at the moment he heard it—now beheld, full in the moonlight, and tied by the bridle to a tree, a white-stocked chestnut hack, which he instantly recognized as a recent purchase of his friend Mr. de Basle.

"What in the name of all that's conceivable can our worthy M. P. be doing all these miles away, in the middle of the night?" exclaimed Horace under his breath.

Then, like a flash of lightning that kills you even while it dispels the darkness, the thought struck him—

"Acton!"

Yes, Acton was the guest of de Basle's still, and now it was doubtless he who, under some specious pretext of riding in another direction, had borrowed the blooded hack, and galloped over to Silvermead.

## CHAPTER XIII.

Horace's almost certain suspicion that Cyril Acton was either now at Silvermead, or lurking in the neighborhood, was destined to receive immediate confirmation. Not two hundred yards from where the horse was tied he saw something shining in the grass. This proved to be a silver shield upon a Russian leather cigar case, and on it was clearly engraved in bold characters, the monogram of C. and A. He flung it down where he had found it and hurried on.

Suddenly the great tower clock began to toll forth into the mystic silence, the witching hour of twelve.

Exactly as its last stroke ceased to vibrate, the glass doors on the terrace slowly opened, and Camilla, clad in some loose robe of dark material, cautiously came forth. Within three steps of the ground, she stoops with the air of one who says, "I'll go no further, come what may."

This was apparently the preconcerted signal, or at all events Horace felt it to be. The unfortunate boy's heart now bent to that degree, and his temples throbbed so, that he believed in another moment something must break, give way, or burst, and he must die. To be sure, his little knew what man can bear and live! The sound in his head can be likened only to the beating of a drum.

Suddenly, from out a clump of evergreens to the right, and still protected by their deep shade to within three paces from where she stood, the form of a young man rapidly emerged, and lightly bounding with the elasticity of youth and love to where Camilla stood—with eager outstretched arms—he clasped her passionately to his breast.

No sooner had Horace Brudenell, struck to the heart by what he saw, realized that his presence at Silvermead was certainly not required than he proceeded to

beat a retreat, for he felt sure that it was Cyril Acton who was happy in the arms of that Camilla Harding, whom, in a moment before, Horace had not ceased to worship, even if he had begun to doubt her.

"Since," he told himself, "she was worthless, better a thousand times that I should have found her out. Hence I rejoice infinitely in having obeyed the impulse which took me to Silvermead to-night. But am I any the less wretched on that account? I am not now mourning her as she is, but as I believed her to be. It was a delusion, but what of that? Why, to my misfortune, has my goddess proved of clay? Why, in a word, was it not ordained that this girl should turn out all I so fondly thought her, all that she so completely seemed?"

The next day, after church had been duly attended, Sir Howard summoned his nephew to the library, and, having carefully shut the door, delivered himself as follows:

"Howard, our guests, the Caulfields, leave us to-morrow, and, as you are aware, proceed to town in a very few days. When lately I laid before you my views concerning a possible marriage between you and the daughter of my old friend and neighbor, you pleaded surprise, and asked for time to consult your feelings and think the matter over."

"Yes, uncle, and I assure you I have done so very carefully."

"Well, nephew, I suppose you can only have arrived at one result?"

Although Sir Howard said this with much show of confidence, a careful observer could not fail to detect a certain amount of doubt and anxiety both in his manner and tone.

These were destined, however, to be speedily set at rest.

"Yes, uncle. If you still think that Lady Susan and her parents hold me worthy of so great an honor, I have quite made up my mind to propose to her."

This was explicit at any rate. No opposition on Horace's part need any further be feared. Yet, now a new discontent arose in the baronet's mind. Horace spoke like a dutiful nephew, certainly, but yet not the least as a lover.

Lady Susan was exactly the sort of statuesque woman whom Sir Howard himself admired, and this utter indifference to her charms in his young kinsman at once bred suspicion and uneasiness in the uncle's mind. He did not know what to say next, and there was an awkward pause, Horace half suspecting the truth.

At last Sir Howard asked:

"Do you not greatly admire Lady Susan?"

"I do, indeed; she is undeniably handsome."

"I am sure you ought to consider yourself a most fortunate young man."

"And so I do, uncle. Have you any doubt on the subject?"

"No, no—only neither at this moment, nor in what I have noticed when you were together, do I detect that—that empressment, those, in short—those symptoms which denote the lover."

"I should think not, indeed," said Horace to himself. Then aloud—

"Uncle, in the first place we are not a demonstrative family, and then, to be quite frank with you, I doubt if I shall ever be," and he nearly said "again," "what is called 'in love'." But surely that condition is hardly necessary to constitute a happy marriage. If I do not yet exactly love Lady Susan, remember how very little I have seen of her, and take into consideration one great point in my favor—I certainly love no one else."

(To be continued.)

## Wise Women Marry Late.

The strides which the movement among American women to secure for themselves an independent livelihood has made during the last two or three decades are simply astounding. Nothing can illustrate this better than the following figures, which have reference to the number of women in the United States in each profession in 1890, the figures in parentheses being the corresponding figures for 1870. In 1890 there were 4,455 female doctors (527); 337 female dentists (24); 240 female lawyers (5); 1,235 female preachers (67); 180 female engineers and land surveyors (none); 25 female architects (1); 11,000 female painters and sculptors (412); 3,000 female authors (159); 888 female journalists (35); 34,518 female musicians (5,735); 3,940 actresses (302); 134 female theatrical managers (100); 21,185 female shorthand writers (7); 64,048 female clerks, secretaries, etc. (8,106); 27,777 female book-keepers (none).

Last year 1,805 women visited the universities, of whom 34 left them as fully trained doctors, and about a dozen respectively as lawyers, preachers and journalists. Of the above 1,805 female students 28.2 per cent. have married. American women, however, do not, as a rule, marry till they have completed their twentieth year, and of these 1,805 as many as 887 were still under 20 years. Of women who hold diplomas as doctors, between 25 and 30 years, only 32 per cent. marry; of those between 30 and 35 years, the percentage of those who marry has risen to 43.7 per cent.; of those between 35 and 40, to 49 per cent.; and of those above 40 years, to 54.5 per cent. From this it becomes evident that women who have frequented universities, at least in America, marry much later than others. It is perhaps a natural result of this circumstance that divorces are virtually a thing unknown among these late marrying women students.—New York Press.

## Aluminum in the Army.

The aluminum vessels now in use in the French army are found to wear very little. They can be heated over gas and coal, and are not attacked by the food and wine, etc., as the food does not remain long in the vessels. Flasks in which ordinary water is kept for months show whitish spots near specks of impurities—iron, carbon, etc., and on the soldered portions if other metals have been admitted. The vessels are made simply by stamping, without soldering, except at the handles. In salt water, corrosion of the metal proceeds more quickly than in fresh water; it becomes black, but sulphuric acid carefully applied restores the original brightness.—Popular Science News.

He who puts a bad construction upon a good act, reveals his own wickedness at heart.

## BLUE AND THE GRAY.

### BRAVE MEN WHO MET ON THE FIELD OF BATTLE.

Thrilling Stories of the Revolution—Old Soldiers and Soldiers Relate Interesting Reminiscences of Life in Camp and on the Field—Incidents of the War.

A Thorn-Thicket Charge. "Did you ever charge through a thorn-apple thicket?" asked R. O. Jeardou, the St. Paul conductor with a hitch in his step, for which he owes a chunk of Confederate lead.

"Our brigade had that experience," he continued. "Dec. 9, 1864, when we were about fifteen miles from Savannah, we reached one of those dismal and seemingly endless swamps so often found in that part of the country. It happened that there was a very good pike through that particular swamp. It was straight and narrow. On the pike the going was first-class, but step from it and down you went. We swung along cheerily in the belief that we would have comparatively free sailing to Savannah. Suddenly we ran upon trees that had been felled across the pike. The pioneers and engineers, with their axes and pikes, were called to the front and directed to clear the way. They had been at work only a minute or two when a shell came tearing down the pike slung the old familiar song and exploded, killing several men and scattering the fallen trees more quickly than a regiment could have done it with axes and pikes. The enemy had perfect range and made it, oh! so hot for us. We got orders to stand aside and let a battery go through on the keen run. We felt that it was certain ruin to horses, men and battery. I remember saying: 'It is a shame to risk the lives of such brave men and beautiful horses where they will have little or no chance for their lives.' The battery opened fire and sent in a few shells, but was obliged to retreat."

"Our colonel, the late General Francis H. West, who was commanding the brigade, was ordered to take three regiments and make his way through the swamp, flank the enemy and charge his works. It was impossible to ride horses through that swamp, so the officers went on foot, brigade commander and all. Some of the time we were in water and mud up to the knees, and now and then a man would stumble in up to the armpits, rendering it necessary for two or three of us to stop and pull him out. We were literally soaked and covered with mud when we emerged from that swamp, but quickly re-formed and started for the Confederate fortification. After going a few steps we came upon one of those thorn-apple fields that was a veritable hedge, the bushes and trees being so close together that it was next to impossible for even a rabbit to squeeze through. An officer reported to the brigade commander that they would have to abandon the charge. Colonel West, one of the kindest and mildest-mannered of men, was furious at the suggestion, and ordered an immediate advance, taking the lead himself. The thorns on those bushes were anywhere from an inch to two inches long and as sharp as needles. Volunteers were called for to cut down the bushes as best they could.

"When the brigade emerged from that thorn-apple hedge, which was at least a quarter of a mile wide, and I don't know how long, our clothes were torn in scores of places, and the trousers of some of the men were actually stripped off to above their knees and their legs were red with blood from numerous scratches. Colonel West wore a long, flowing beard during the war. In going through the hedge nearly all of that beautiful beard was pulled out and left for the wind to whistle through on many a thorn-apple branch. We still had about 300 yards to go before reaching the fort, and most of that distance was through a rice-field, where the water was knee-deep. The enemy did not discover our move until we opened fire and were charging. They were so dumfounded that most of the force fled in dismay, leaving their battery, many muskets, knapsacks and other articles. We captured quite a number of prisoners. Our tall, handsome brigade commander, Colonel West, was about the raggedest, mud-diest, bloodiest, most disheveled soldier I ever looked upon when that charge was completed, but he had left in one of the most remarkable short contests of the great struggle. He had accomplished what his division commander scarcely hoped could be accomplished. For if he and his troops received the thanks of the division and corps commanders, and a little later the colonel was made a brigadier general."

"I saw several striking evidences of pride and bravery in that movement through the swamp and thorn patch. Charley Weed, our color-bearer, who was by my side, fell while we were going through the thickest of the thorn hedge. It was no time to stop and care for the wounded. I did not know how badly Charley was wounded. I only knew that the flag had fallen, and at once seized it and plunged ahead for the fort. A moment later something struck me and knocked me down. At that instant old Charley Weed snatched the colors from my hand and resumed his place in the line. Instead of being wounded he had caught his foot on a root and fallen so as to partially stun him. He was furious to think that anyone else than himself should think of planting our flag on the fort. Hence the moment he came to he sprang to his feet, charged after me so vigorously that it knocked me down. He was 6 feet 2 inches tall and weighed 220 pounds. A man might as well have been struck by a ten-pound shot as to have Charley

Weed run against him. As we reached the fort Weed jumped into the ditch, but could not climb the muddy parapet. I stepped to his side, stooped down and told him to stand on my shoulders, which he did. I thought that the two of us spliced might succeed in planting the flag on the fort. I raised up with Charley on my shoulders, but he could not yet reach high enough, so he gave a spring, which landed him on the fort, thus being first to plant old glory on the captured works, but where was I? Struggling to recover from what I thought must be at least a broken neck, as a result of Big Charley's spring on my shoulders. How rapidly I recovered as I looked up and saw the flag of our regiment proudly waving over Fort Harrison! The day was won. How proud we were!"

"How many heart-breaking things occurred in the war," said my friend Jeardou, "Our regiment participated in the capture of Milledgeville. We had a right sharp skirmish, hurting them and they hurting us, some. While passing a church I noticed a woman and several children kneeling by the side of a man lying on the step in front of the church door. Boy like, I was curious and wanted to know all about it, and ran out to ask. The man over whom they were weeping was dead. He was clad in gray, and as fine a looking man as I ever saw—tall, fair-faced, dark-haired. A bullet had gone through his breast, killing him instantly. The body was still warm. He lay like one sleeping. The woman was his wife and the little ones his children. He had breakfasted with them only half an hour before. I never witnessed such hopeless despair as was exhibited on the face of that new-made widow, the mother of those little children. I have often wondered what became of them. I hope God has always smiled upon them."—J. A. Watrous, in Chicago Times-Herald.

## Running the Batteries.

Admiral Walke, who has just died, was in command of the gunboat Carondelet, which, in the battle of Fort Henry, held the position in the front line of battle throughout the entire engagement, eventually winning a decisive victory. Gen. Grant ordered Walke to attack Fort Donelson with the Carondelet, and, although three gunboats which had been ordered to join in the attack failed to respond, the Carondelet went to the front alone and bombarded the fort all the day preceding the battle. He kept the Carondelet at the front in the two days' fight, his loss of officers and men exceeding that of all the rest of the Union flotilla.

At Island No. 10 Walke's bravery and skill sent his name around the world. The gunboat flotilla was operating with Gen. Pope against the rebel batteries, and Island No. 10 was finely fortified, and barred the passage of Gen. Pope's troops. Pope had cut a canal through the swamps for his transports, but dared not attempt to go through while the gunboats were above the island. Commander Walke volunteered to take the Carondelet through. Flag Officer Foote twice refused to allow the trial, saying it was impossible. Gen. Pope applied to Secretary Stanton for two gunboats to make the passage. Before the answer came a council of war was held and Walke offered to take all the responsibility for the trial. Foote consented. At 10 o'clock on the night of April 4, 1862, the battle-scarred Carondelet, with her boilers buried in cord wood and her wheelhouse wound with hawser, started on her perilous mission. A large loaded with bales of hay was lashed to her port side. Her guns were withdrawn and her ports closed.

A thunderstorm raged and the night was unusually dark. Every light was out and an escape pipe had been laid from the smokestack to the pilot-house, so no puffing should be heard. Just as the island loomed up the soot in the smokestack caught fire. It was quickly "doused" and the rebels did not see it. Again it blazed up, and a picket gave the alarm. Then for an hour the little boat received a storm of shot and shell such as she never before had encountered. Walke and his men kept on down the stream, coolly taking their soundings, and at the end of an hour and a half the Carondelet was safe and Walke made his report to Pope. Not a man was killed, and the boat was not badly damaged. Admiral Walke was commended by Gen. Pope, the Secretary of the Navy and by Flag Officer Foote, but not by Congress, which thanked Foote and gave him \$40,000 and all the credit for the transaction.—New York Tribune.

## Famous Rebel Yell.

The famous rebel yell was heard last week at Chickering Hall, New York, where Major General Thomas L. Rosser, C. S. A., delivered his war lecture, "Hilt to Hilt." There were about two hundred persons present, of whom (says the Sun) half were veterans of Stonewall Jackson's command, if their part in the performance can be taken as evidence. No sooner had the heroic Southern leader's features been flashed upon the sheet than they leaped to their feet and let out that rebel yell as if it had been fighting to get out for years. It sounds more like "Yi-yi" than anything else, but any adequate description of it is impossible. There is a sort of soul-shaking cadence about it that strikes in deep. The best tribute to the effect with which it was given that night is that a policeman who had stepped into the lobby came up the stairs four steps at a time when he heard it.

The most expensive army of the world is that of Germany, which costs from \$80,000,000 to \$105,000,000 per year.

Milk may be sterilized, says the Scientific American, by passing through it an alternating electric current.

## HOLMES IS HANGED!

### ARCH CRIMINAL PAYS THE DEATH PENALTY.

The Author of Many Crimes Executed in Moyamensing Prison, Philadelphia—On the Scaffold Protests Innocence.

#### End of a Fiend.

H. H. Holmes, convicted on circumstantial evidence of the murder of Benjamin F. Pitsel, was hanged in Philadelphia Thursday. The execution took place in the Moyamensing County jail. The drop fell at 10:12½ o'clock. It was not until a half-hour later that he was pronounced dead. His neck was broken by the fall. The marvelous nerve of the man never deserted him to the end. Even on the scaffold he was probably the coolest person in the solemn assemblage. In a few well-chosen words he proclaimed his innocence of any murder, including that for which he was convicted and hanged. He declared that the only wrong-doing in the taking of human life for which he could be held responsible consisted in the death of two women who had died as the result of criminal operations at his hands. He did not name these victims.

Holmes spent the greater part of his last night on earth writing letters. At



H. H. HOLMES.

midnight he went to bed and slept soundly until 6 o'clock in the morning. It took two calls to awaken him. Promptly arising he received a visit from his spiritual advisers, Fathers Daly and Macpeak, of the Church of the Annunciation. They administered the last sacrament and did not leave him until nearly 9 o'clock. During his absence he ate a hearty breakfast of eggs, dry toast and coffee.

At 10:02 o'clock the Sheriff called together the official jury, and after each man had answered to his name and subscribed to the certificate the solemn march to the gallows was begun. As the gathering stood in intense silence before the gallows Holmes, accompanied by two priests mounted the fatal scaffold. A moment of prayer elapsed and the Holmes stepped to the front of the scaffold and, resting his hands on the rail before him, made his statement of innocence.

It was received in absolute silence. Two minutes later he had finished his valedictory. Then at a silent signal from the priests he bent to his knees, his eyes fixed on the crucifix clasped in his hands. Until 10:12 the prayer continued. Immediately afterward he arose, shook hands with the priests and his lawyers and in a firm voice bade them good-by.

Without an instant delay his hands were bound behind him and the black cap adjusted. Sheriff Clement placed the noose about his neck and after an instant of terrible stillness the crack of the bolt rang out like a pistol shot and the man had fallen to his doom.

Consciousness left him instantly, said the doctors, although his heart continued a feeble beat for fifteen or twenty minutes. After an examination had been made by several physicians Holmes was pronounced dead and the swinging corpse was cut down.

## WINTER WHEAT.

Condition of the Crop as Reported by the Farmers' Review.

Reports have been received from the correspondents of the Farmers' Review in ten States on the condition of winter wheat, and on the loss to that crop from freezing and thawing.

In Illinois the total loss from freezing and thawing has not been large, taking the State as a whole, though there are counties where the loss from this cause has been great. With the advent of the recent rains there was a change for the better and the plant is now rapidly pushing forward. Fair will express the general condition of the crop in Indiana. The loss from freezing and thawing seems to be heavy at this date. The late snow wheat seems to have suffered most. In Ohio the wheat is slowly starting up. The cool weather and lack of rain in the early spring retarded development. The present outlook for the crop in Ohio is poor. The prospect in Michigan continues fair, and the loss from freezing and thawing is generally about 10 per cent. The loss that was reported in Missouri from freezing and thawing has been partly offset by recent good rains. In Kansas and Nebraska the prospects are quite good, especially in the eastern parts of those States. In Iowa the crop is fair. Wisconsin conditions have not improved, the recent loss from freezing and thawing being considerable.

United States Consul Keenan at Bremen, in a report to the State Department on importation of American horses into Germany, says that while this business has attained great proportions it is generally hampered by many underhand operations inspired by the local horse dealers, who have united to break down the American competition.

McEwan Bros. & Co.'s sawmill narrowly escaped destruction by fire at Bay City, Mich. Fifteen hundred cords of slabs west of the mill were called out and the fire got under control. Had there been a high wind the mill and a million feet of lumber would have been destroyed.

Mrs. Emma Van Horn, a traveling physician, dropped dead after eating a hearty breakfast at Edinburg, Ind. She was about 45 years of age. She gave her residence as Indianapolis, and relatives at that place have been notified.

## THE TURN OF LIFE.

THE MOST CRITICAL PERIOD IN THE LIFE OF A WOMAN.

Experience of Mrs. Kelly, of Patchogue, Long Island.

There is no period in woman's earthly career which she approaches with so much anxiety as the "change of life." Yet during the past twenty years women have learned much from a woman.

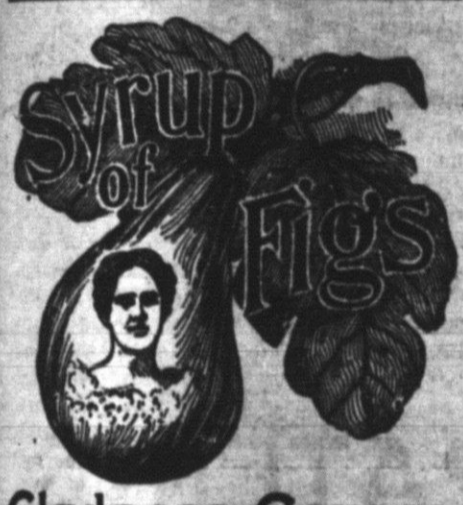
It is safe to say that women who prepare themselves for the eventful period, pass through it much easier than in the past.

There is but one course to pursue to subdue the nervous complications, and prepare the system for the change.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound should be used. It is well for those approaching this time, to write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She has the experience of years to aid her in advising. She will charge you nothing.

She helped this woman, who says: "I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in my family ten years, with the best results. Some time ago my daughter had catarrh of the womb, and it entirely cured her. I was approaching the 'change of life,' and was in a deplorable condition. My womb had fallen, and the bearing-down pains and backache were terrible, and kidneys affected."

"I began taking the Compound, and my pains ceased. I consider it the strong bridge between sickness and health, and recommend it to everybody I meet who needs it."—Mrs. L. Kelly, Patchogue, L. I.



## Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper effort—gentle effort—pleasant effort—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the only remedy which promotes internal cleanliness, without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, then laxatives or other remedies are not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, then one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

The many imitations of Hires Rootbeer simply point to its excellence—the genuine article proves it.

Only by The Charles H. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A full package makes 5 gallons. Sold every where.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

"I am only too glad to testify to the great value of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which has been a household companion in our family for years. I take from 2 to 5 bottles of it every Spring, generally beginning about the first of April. After that I feel like a new man, for it tones up my system, gives me an excellent appetite and I sleep like a top. As a blood medicine it is no superior, at least that is my opinion of it."—H. N. WILSON, Philadelphia, Pa., March 20, 1896.

WEIGHTY WORDS FOR Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

## Swallowed 102 Nails.

An insane patient in the county asylum, Lancaster, England, was discovered to be ill. When asked if he felt badly he would lay his hand across his stomach and would make repeated, though ineffectual, attempts to vomit. The physicians discovered a huge lump to the left of the stomach. After trying to remove the lump with a stomach pump the patient was put under ether, and a cut two inches long made in the stomach. Upon inserting the two fingers through this hole the physicians made a very startling discovery. The



NAILS AND OTHER RUBBISH FROM A CRAZY MAN'S STOMACH.

stomach was found to be occupied by a mass of rusty nails, many of them nearly three inches in length. Some were very sharp, bent and twisted and as a consequence, they had to be taken out with the two fingers. When about half the mass had been removed, a piece of matted hair, nearly two inches in length, was withdrawn from the lower end of the esophagus. When the stomach was finally cleared of its unusual contents, the net results were as follows:

One hundred and ninety-two nails, the majority being two and a half inches in length, and many even longer; half a screw nail, a piece of brass wire, a carpet tack, several small pieces of stick, a button and the mass of hair already mentioned. The whole weighed one pound, nine and a half ounces.

The wound in the stomach was then closed, the patient was put to bed between warm blankets, and a quarter of a grain of morphia was administered hypodermically. But in spite of all the doctors could do the man died four hours after the operation, which had lasted two hours.—London letter.

## Current Condensations.

There is at least this to the credit of the Christian Science faith: it has no oyster suppers.

When a young man writes to his girl on a postal card she may as well lay sweet love away.

Out of 150 Europeans in Lagos, West Africa, twenty-three died last year, a death rate of 154 in 1,000.

Except in matters of love, when a man has been deceived seven or eight times he begins to smell a mouse.

Charles Theodore Taber, of Brooklyn, says that some palmetto trees along the Indian river, Florida, are from 300 to 500 years old.

It may often be the means of saving life to remember the dictum, that "a man struck by electricity should be treated as if drowned."

There are in the houses of Congress 115 baldheads and 120 gray heads. There are fifty-six members under 40 years of age and seventeen over 30.

The City Council of New Orleans has just adopted an ordinance requiring the electric railway companies which use Canal street to place uniformed flagmen at the crossings.

A coal area twelve miles long by six broad has been discovered on the line of a new railway to the west coast of Newfoundland. It is estimated that it contains 11,000,000 tons of excellent canal coal.

A fishing party returned to Seattle a few days ago from Lake Crescent, bringing with them several large trout, among which was one weighing seven pounds and measuring twenty-seven inches from tip to tip.

The royal family have never given up the custom of wearing crape; Queen Victoria has always worn it, and when her Majesty and any of the princesses have attended the funeral of relatives they have worn crape veils almost to the ground.

A newspaper is soon to be published away up on the edge of the Arctic circle, in Circle City, the new mining town of Alaska. Up to now people on the Yukon have had to depend for the news on their neighbors, the nearest newspaper office being many hundred miles away. The paper is to be a weekly, and the printing plant is to be shipped in shortly.



## AN ENGINE OF DEATH

MANY KILLED BY A CINCINNATI GAS GENERATOR.

Awful Catastrophe Occurs When Building and Streets Were Crowded—Certain that Many Are Dead and More Mangled—Panic in the City.

### Tale of the Horror.

At 7:45 Monday evening a terrific explosion occurred in Louis Fey's saloon at Cincinnati, O., immediately opposite the Gibson house. The building, a five-story brick, was shattered to splinters. Fey manufactured his own gas with a machine from gasoline. A large tank filled with the explosive fluid was in the room in the rear of the saloon. In addition a barrel of gasoline was being unloaded at the time. An electric motor furnished the power. The motor was operated at too high a rate of speed, causing the commutator to burn out. This ignited the gasoline, causing the explosion. It is almost certain that at least twenty persons were killed. A fair estimate places the number caught in the falling building at from sixty to seventy-five. At least twenty-five people, and perhaps more, the exact number may never be known, were mangled, crushed, burned and scalded to death. Bodies of Adolph Drach's family of four, and four unknown, were quickly recovered. Three of the Fey family, two servant girls, and three men employees were missing. Twenty-five injured were removed to the hospital, two of whom will die.

The explosion shook large buildings for squares. Hundreds of windows in the Gibson House were broken and plate glass windows on both sides of Walnut street the entire length of the square were shattered. Scores of pedestrians were knocked from their feet and there were dozens of runaway teams in the vicinity. Several electric cars were thrown from the track and at least twenty female passengers on different cars fainted away and were carried into the Gibson House and adjoining places. The electric light, telephone, and trolley wires on the square were torn down and the explosion was followed immediately by darkness.

Flash lights were rigged up across the street and the rays thrown onto the ruins. The explosion tore the entire structure from between adjoining buildings on either side as neatly as it could have been accomplished by workmen. All that is now left is a mass of brick, mortar and torn lumber, over which the roof rests in a slanting position. It was occupied by Fey's and Drach's saloons, both of the better class. It is estimated that forty or fifty people were inside at the time of the explosion, and it seems impossible that any could have escaped.

The firemen beat a path into the adjoining barber shop and began drilling holes through the thick brick wall in the hope of reaching some of the bodies. The heavy roof lying over the ruins made it impossible for the firemen to make any headway from the top or sides.

The upper floors of the five-story building were occupied as flats. It is not known how many people were in the flats or how many were in the saloons, but none escaped, as the building immediately collapsed. There was no fire to consume the ruin; and make certain death of all in the building, but the dust and dirt continued flying for a long time so densely that the work of rescuing the victims proceeded with great difficulty.

### His Whole Family Gone.

One of the barkeepers, who was not on duty at the time and escaped, lived in one of the upper flats, and was wild with grief because he knew that his wife and four children were in the ruins. One of his children was recovered dead soon after the explosion.

As the night passed the scenes about the wrecked buildings became more distressing than ever. Women whose husbands and sons had not reached home by 10 or 11 o'clock came down to the Fountain square and filled up the space about the government building, where they were weeping and crying about their friends being in the wreckage.

### Departments at Work.

All of the departments of the city were at work at the ruins. The police commissioners were in charge of their department, together with Chief Deitrich, and the fire commissioners were with Chief Archibald. The street cleaning department was out in full force, at work removing the debris and hauling it away, and good engineers were soon on hand superintending the handling of the heavy timbers.

### Crowded with People.

The explosion occurred at a time in the evening when there were many people in the bar, and it was said soon after the explosion that a number of women and their escorts had just entered. They were probably in the wine rooms in the rear of the bar. The street was well filled with pedestrians and it is almost certain that many of them were fatally injured. Standing almost in front of the building when the explosion occurred was a Newport and Covington car. It was completely wrecked and the half-dozen passengers and the motorman and conductor were more or less severely injured.

### Panic in the Gibson House.

There were several hundred guests in the Gibson House and they all became panic-stricken. Men and women rushed from their rooms, the latter shrieking with terror and several of them fainting. The guests of the house who were in the lobby, barber shop and waiting-room were knocked down by the shock. It seemed to them as though the explosion was in the hotel building and, not knowing at what moment it would be followed by another, they rushed from the hotel, adding to the panic in the street.

### Wreck at Liberty, Neb.

At 3 o'clock Monday morning train 63, east freight on the Burlington, going west, ran into a washout, near Liberty, Neb. The engine and three cars were wrecked. Two firemen were killed and several injured.

Engineer Brennan was crushed between the engine and tender. Conductor Wilcox, who was in the engine cab at the time of the wreck, was badly mangled, one leg being torn from his body and the other badly crushed. He expired in a few minutes after being extricated from the wreck.

The fireman was thrown from the cab window and escaped uninjured, with the exception of slight bruises, as at the time of the wreck the train was running very slowly, having orders to do so on account of the heavy rainfall. Engineer Brennan's home was at Scottville, Pa.

## Cripple

The iron grasp of scrofula has no mercy upon its victims. This demon of the blood is often not satisfied with causing dreadful sores, but racks the body with the pains of rheumatism until Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

"Nearly four years ago I became afflicted with scrofula and rheumatism.

## Made

Running sores broke out on my thighs. Pieces of bone came out and an operation was contemplated. I had rheumatism in my legs, drawn up out of shape. I lost appetite, could not sleep. I was a perfect wreck. I continued to grow worse and finally gave up the doctor's treatment to

## Well

take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon appetite came back; the sores commenced to heal. My limbs straightened out and I threw away my crutches. I am now stout and hearty and am farming, whereas, four years ago I was a cripple. I gladly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." URBAN HAMMOND, Table Grove, Illinois.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists, \$1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25 cents.

### Scholarships at Harvard.

An effort is being made by Harvard graduates to arrange the donation of scholarships so that they shall be given solely on the basis of scholarship, and so that indigence shall have no weight whatever. At the present time Harvard has an immense fund to be devoted to the purpose of scholarships, about \$75,000 a year being available for these. In almost every instance, however, they have to be awarded on the double basis of scholarship and need.

### Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is a constitutional cure. Price 75 cents.

### According to a wholesale furniture dealer, the best furniture polish is made of one-third alcohol and two-thirds sweet oil. Apply it with a soft cloth and rub with another cloth.

We will forfeit \$1,000 if any of our published testimonials are proven to be not genuine. THE PISO CO., Warren, Pa.

The higher we ascend the greater the necessity to "look up," and the obligation to "lift up."

Iowa farms for sale on crop payments, 10 per cent cash, balance 1/2 crop yearly, until paid for. J. Mulhall, Waukegan, Ill.

A fool is always burning his fingers, because he forgets that the fire is hot.

## "No Foolin'."

ST. JACOBS OIL DOES NOT "FOOL 'ROUND"; IT GOES STRAIGHT TO WORK ON PAIN AND DRIVES IT OUT AND "SHUTS IT OFF" FROM RETURNING. THAT'S BUSINESS.

## Greatest Highest Smallest Quantity Quality Price.

## Battle Ax

## PLUG

The only brand of strictly high grade tobacco ever sold for a low price. Not the large size of the piece alone that has made "Battle Ax" the most popular brand on the market for 5 cents, QUALITY; SIZE; PRICE.

### THE ROCK OF GIBRALTAR

Is not steadier than a system liberated from the shackles of chills and fever, bilious remittent or dumb ague by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a perfect antidote to malarial poison in air or water. It is also an unsurpassed remedy for bilious, rheumatic or kidney complaints, dyspepsia and nervousness. It improves appetite and sleep and hastens convalescence.

### The Heir to Italy's Throne.

The Prince of Naples, son of the King of Italy, who has quarreled with his father, according to foreign papers, looks upon Emperor William of Germany as the one man to be tolerated. He is a thorough scholar and often surprises scientists with his knowledge. He is not popular among women. One princess refused him because he likes garlic too well.

### Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers

is a popular preparation in one bottle, and colors evenly a brown or black. Any person can easily apply it at home.

### The atmosphere is so clear in Zululand that it is said objects can be seen by starlight at a distance of seven miles.

It is probable that what a million women say after daily trial is a mistake. They say they know by test that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the best. They have had 31 years to try it. Forgive me one trial.

FEES.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. 50 Cents after first day's use. Malarious fevers, Trinitite and 25 Cents trial bottle free to all cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 361 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Hoofing Starch for Children: softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

## Radway's

PILLS,

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Causes perfect digestion, complete absorption and healthful regularity. For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Etc.

### SICK HEADACHE, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, DYSPEPSIA

—AND—

All Disorders of the Liver.

25¢ Full printed directions in each box; 50 cents a box. Sold by all druggists.

RADWAY & CO., NEW YORK.

### PATENTS. TRADE-MARKS.

Examination and advice as to Patentability of Inventions. Send for "Inventors' Guide," or "How to Get a Patent." Patrick O'Farrell, Washington, D.C.

### GREY DR. ISAAC THOMPSON'S EYE WATER

Price 50 Cents per Bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

### KIDDER'S PASTILLES

Price 50 Cents per Bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

### PENSION

JOHN W. HOGGESS, Washington, D.C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. 1 and 2 Principal Examiner U.S. Patent Office. 3 yrs in last year, 15 adjusting claims, city sleep.

## "Thoughtless Folks Have the Hardest Work, but Quick Witted People Use

## SAPOLIO

25, 35, 45, 50, or 55 inches high. Quality and workmanship the best. Nothing on the market to compare with it. Write for full information.

UNION FENCE COMPANY, DE KALB, ILL.

## Breakfast Cocoa

Made by Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass., is "a perfect type of the highest order of excellence in manufacture." It costs less than one cent a cup.

### DR. T. KELLY GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL

DURHAM, ORIENTAL MEDICAL BEAUTY PREPARED BY DR. T. KELLY GOURAUD, 37 Great Jones Street, N. Y.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Blemishes, and every skin disease on beauty, and cures dandruff. It has stood the test of 47 years, and is so beneficial we need not to be sure to be properly made. According to a condensed statement of a lady of the name, Dr. T. Kelly Gouraud's Oriental is the best skin preparation I have ever used. It is the least harmful of all the skin preparations. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the United States, Canada and Europe.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones Street, N. Y.

## RIPANS

## TABULES

Mrs. E. F. Patterson, writing from Bridgeport, Jackson County, Alabama, June 3, 1895, says: "Being a Northerner by birth, it is not an easy thing to eat comfortably food prepared in Southern style, and consequently one suffers from it. One day, feeling great discomfort from that cause, an old negro retainer said to me: 'Scuse me, Missey, but my old woman knows something powerful good for dem pains. I disremembers the name, but it's Rip somethin', and it just rips the pain out. Old Milly 'll tell you 'bout it.' To please him I called on his wife in their little cabin, and will try and give you her account. 'You know all fall and winter I was powerful weak and couldn't eat nothin', and one day I was a lyin' yere in terrible 'stress and gennan knocked at de door and says: 'Mammy, can I have some water for myself and horse?' 'Deed you can, Marsa; but I's too sick to get the things, I hab such awfu' 'stress all over.' 'Why, Mammy,' he says, 'I've just the thing for you that I bought in Washington for just such pains.' So he gave that medisin and de 'stress am all gone and I eats every thing, and I goes every where; so, Missey, I knows day will help you.' So after writing down the name 'Ripans Tabules,' I bade her good day and went home. Milly's name is Mrs. John Jackson, care of T. R. Patterson, Bridgeport, Ala."

Ripans Tabules are sold by druggists or by mail if the price (50 cents a box) is sent to T. R. Patterson, Chemical Company, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York. Sample vial, 10 cents.

C. N. U. No. 50-55

WHEN WAITING TO ADVERTISE please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.



## A Cut in Bicycles

For the balance of the month only. We will sell Crown King, Duke and Westminster wheels at \$10.00. If you expect to buy a wheel this season, you will save money by doing so within the next two weeks. We sell the Columbia and Hartford wheels, the world's best.

## W.J. KNAPP. TRUE ECONOMY

is to buy your Clothing from

## J. J. RAFTREY

Largest stock, and lowest prices. Satisfaction guaranteed.

## Special Prices

on holiday dress suits, business suits, and overcoats.

## Pants Pants Pants

\$3, \$4, \$4.50, \$5, \$5.50 and up

I solicit a call.

## CENTRAL

## MEAT MARKET

The best of everything in the meat line is kept at the Central Market.

All kinds of Sausages.

Give me a call.

## ADAM EPPLER.

THE

## PLOWS

made by the

Oliver Chilled Plow Works, SOUTH BEND, IND.

Are The Best On Earth.



Among them are the Nos. 98 and 99, Wood and Steel Beam Plows, fitted with non-breakable steel standards. Also the celebrated No. 40 and similar patterns. Look out for imitations and buy only of The Regular OLIVER Agents.

**BOYS** do you want a Printing Press, Watch and Chain, Steam Engine, Air Rifle, Tool Chest, Magic Lantern, Faber's Outfit or Pocket Knife without ending any money for it? Send for list. **GIRLS** we give you free, an Oxford Bible, a Gold Ring set with Pearl, Opals or Garnets, a Fine Doll, Handmade Piano, Beautiful China Tea Set, Elegant Manicure Set, or your choice from over 100 valuable articles given free to boys and girls. Send for list. **MOTHERS** so well bound standard books, Complete sets for Boys and Pretty Dresses for Girls, School Bags, Black Boards, Lawn Tennis, Hammocks, Rochester Lamps, Handmade Silver Tableware, warranted triple plated, Christy Knives and over 100 other gifts are made free to the patrons of Submarine Publishing Co., 314 Broadway, New York City. Write for catalogue.

## The Only One To Stand the Test.

Rev. William Copp, whose father was a physician for over fifty years, in New Jersey, and who himself spent many years preparing for the practice of medicine, but subsequently entered the ministry of the M. E. Church, writes: "I am glad to testify that I have had analyzed all the sarsaparilla preparations known in the trade, but

**AYER'S** is the only one of them that I could recommend as a blood-purifier. I have given away hundreds of bottles of it, as I consider it the safest as well as the best to be had."—Wm. Copp, Pastor M. E. Church, Jackson, Minn.

**AYER'S** THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla  
When in doubt, ask for Ayer's Pills

**GEO. W. TURNBULL**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law. Pensions and patents obtained. None but legal fees charged. Money placed and loaned on good security.  
CHLSEA, MICH.

**J. C. TWITCHELL**  
Physician and Surgeon. Office in Hatch & Durand Block. Residence on Main Street, two doors south of South Street.  
CHLSEA, MICH.

**R. MCULLGAN.**  
Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur. Office and residence corner of Main and Park Streets. Graduate of Philadelphia Polyclinic in diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat.  
CHLSEA, MICH.

**W. S. HAMILTON**  
Veterinary Surgeon. Now permanently located on Park Street across from the Methodist church. Calls at all hours promptly attended to.  
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**W. A. CONLAN,**  
DENTIST.  
Office over Glazier's Drug Store.  
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**H. H. AVERY,**  
DENTIST. All kinds of dental work done in a careful and thorough manner. Special attention given to children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and local anesthetics used in extracting. Permanently located. Office over Kempf Bros.' Bank  
CHLSEA, MICH.

**FRANK SHAVER,**  
Proprietor of The "City" Barber Shop. In the new Babcock Building Main street.  
CHLSEA, MICH.

### TALES OF THE TIME.

Senator Brice wears out one eyeglass string a day when he is in his seat. He has a great fashion of taking off his eyeglasses and twisting the end of the string around his finger, then he lets the glasses swing out full length, to the confusion of any passing Senator, often, and with a rotary motion sets the string to winding round his finger. When it is wound up he proceeds to unwind it, and that seems to be his sole amusement.

A story is told of some visitors who were going through a country jail under the escort of the chief warder. After a little while they came to a room in which three women were sewing. "Dear me," one of the visitors whispered, "what vicious-looking creatures! Pray, what are they here for?" "Because they have no other home. This is our sitting-room, and they are my wife and two daughters," blandly responded the chief warder.

A writer in one of the English reviews relates that during a conversation with George Eliot, not long before her death, a vase toppled over on the mantelpiece. The great writer quickly and unconsciously put out her hand to stop its fall. "I hope," said she, replacing it, "that the time will come when we shall instinctively hold up the man or woman who begins to fall as naturally and unconsciously as we arrest a falling piece of furniture or an ornament."

Sir Astley Cooper, on visiting Paris, was asked by the surgeon "en chef" of the empire how many times he had performed a certain wonderful feat of surgery. He replied that he had performed the operation thirteen times. "Ah, but, monsieur, I have done him 100 times. How many times did you save life?" continued the curious Frenchman, after he had looked into the blank amazement of Sir Astley's face. "I," said the Englishman, "saved eleven out of the thirteen. How many did you save out of 100?" "Ah, monsieur, I lost them all, but de operation was very brilliant."

### INDIVIDUALITIES.

Commissioner Eva Booth's baptismal name is Evangeline. She was named after Longfellow's heroine.

The late Lord Leighton's personal estate, appraised at two hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars, goes by will to his two sisters.

The Dowager-Duchess of Abercorn recently had four grandchildren born in one day. One of her daughters had a son, then another had a daughter and finally a third had twins.

The Ameer of Afghanistan recently sent to Queen Victoria gifts valued at six hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Miss Hamilton, the Englishwoman who became his court physician, assisted him in selecting the articles.

Dr. Jameson is still attracting much attention in London. Publishers' agents are on his track all the time, trying to get him to write a book, and an enterprising museum manager has offered him a princely sum to exhibit for a week.

If Abdul Hamid Kahn, Sultan of Turkey, should lose his job, he could probably get work as a cowboy. He has a stable of two thousand horses, and he can break a dozen glass vases with a revolver while galloping past them.

Major General A. D. McCook, retired, who is now in Paris, and Major George P. Scriven, Signal Corps, at present military attaché at the United States legation in Rome, have been appointed by the Secretary of War to represent the United States at the coronation of the Czar.

Prince Krapotkin, revolutionary exile and nihilist, leads a patriarchal existence among the Kentish laborers with whom he has made his home. He has a kindly, thoughtful, bearded face, a figure bent with the "literary stoop," thin, nervous hands, and the courtesy to be found only in the best class of Russian society.

Worthington C. Ford, the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics of the United States Treasury, has been elected an honorary fellow of the Royal Statistical Society of Great Britain. The only other Americans who have received a like honor are Messrs. Francis A. Walker, David A. Wells, Carroll D. Wright, Richmond Mayo Smith, and John S. Billings.

When Paderewski was a struggling music teacher and got his first engagement to play in a fashionable salon for a fee of twenty dollars, the hostess, who was delighted at his playing, said to him as he was about to leave. "You must allow me to send you home in my carriage." But Paderewski would stand no patronizing. "Madame," he replied, "my carriage is at the door."

### ODDS AND ENDS.

A frigate bird can fly an entire week without stopping to rest.

The wearing qualities of Parisian drape are tested with mud. Any new hat that cannot stand the influence of mud being thrown upon it is immediately put aside as useless.

Actinogram, which is Greek; radiograph, which is Latin, and ray sketch, which is English, are suggested as names for the Roentgen pictures, in place of nondescripts, like shadowgram and radiograph.

Scorpions are so numerous in Durango, Mexico, that there is a bounty of 60 cents a hundred for them. The persons who are legalized to hunt for them are authorized to enter and search private houses.

Country roads in China are never bounded by fences, but are entirely undefined. While the farmer has a right to plow up any road passing through his land, drivers of vehicles have an equal right—and they exercise it—to traverse any part of the country at large.

Of the three colleges of women at Oxford, England, Somerville is the only one that is strictly denominational. There are about sixty-five students in the college. They are in charge of a principal and seven tutors. The cost of board, tuition and other expenses amounts to about \$460 a year for those who occupy the best rooms.

### ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The metal glaucum is attracting attention for electrical work. It is lighter than aluminum, has a greater conductivity than copper, and is less expandable and more durable than iron. It costs now about \$18 per pound, but owing to its lightness a piece of a given size is 1-100th the price of a similar piece of platinum.

It is said that the hottest mines in the world are those of the famous Comstock Lode. On the lower levels 1 heat is so great that the men cannot work over ten or fifteen minutes at a time. Every known means of mitigating the heat has been tried in vain. Ice melts before it reaches the bottom of the shafts.

The percentage of starch in common grains is as follows, according to Prof. Yeomans: Rice flour, eighty-four to eighty-five; Indian meal, seventy-seven to eighty; oatmeal, sixty to eighty; wheat flour, thirty-nine to seventy-seven; barley flour, sixty-seven to seventy; rye flour, fifty to sixty-one; buckwheat, fifty-two; peas and beans, forty-two to forty-three; potatoes (75 per cent. water), thirteen to fifteen.

Prof. Mendenhall says that if we could imagine an infant with an arm long enough to reach the sun and burn himself, he would die of old age long before he could feel the pain, as, according to the researches of Hertz and others, sensation travels along the nerves only at the rate of about one hundred feet a second, or 1,687 miles a day, and would accordingly need more than 180 years to cover the distance from the earth to the sun.

He who has brain and muscle to sell to a capitalist by native right.

### IT READS THOUGHTS.

A Wonderful Machine Which Penetrates the Mind.

Another has been added to the list of wonderful inventions if all that has been claimed for an instrument now seeking a patent in Washington is true. The machine is the invention of Julius Emmer, of Washington, a scientist, who believes that thought itself exerts a force which causes vibrations, just as do light and sound. Acting on that theory he has invented his machine, which is a cylinder about six or eight inches long and an inch and a half in diameter. It is coated with an exceedingly sensitive chemical, which is easily decomposed by the electric current. In front is a fine needle of aluminum, coated at its point with chemicals, and resting on the cylinder, while the base is set in a diaphragm of aluminum, a very thin plate of the latter being used. In front is a large, open, somewhat horn-like arrangement, which is intended to convey the vibrations direct to the recorder. The machine is put in action by means of a small motor, which revolves the cylinder, the thought forces causing the needle to make upon the surface of the cylinder impressions which correspond with the vibrations.

There is, of course, an electric induction coil connected with the apparatus. The person whose thoughts are to be read is seated about three feet in front of the machine and lets his mind pursue any train of thought he desires. The motor is set going and within a few moments the cylinder has done its work and a finer and more delicate needle is put in place of the recording one, for the mind is to be read from the impressions. Connection is made with the secondary induction coil and wires leading from the electrodes are placed at the base of the brain of the reader. The ideas which had passed from the first person into the machine are now transmitted into the mind of the second person with absolute fidelity and perfect accuracy, the thoughts being received in an unconscious manner—that is, not by any sound or any written word, but the conception frames itself in the mind of the second person just as it was given being in that of the first. It is just reproduced again.

Mr. Emmer has also been experimenting with the X rays, and says that he believes that he will be able to make actual photographs of thought.

### How Opium Was Forced on China.

The conflict known as the "Opium War," by which the Chinese government was compelled to permit the entrance of foreign opium within its limits, began in 1840 and continued two years. The circumstances leading to it dated from the last century, when Warren Hastings, then governor general of India, determined to find a market for the opium of the Ganges valley. For many years it was smuggled into China, but the Emperors, discovering the evil it was doing, took rigid measures to prevent this. From time to time, however, cargoes of opium found their way inland, until in 1839 a special commissioner was sent to Canton, where the British had a foothold, with orders to exterminate the business. He did so thoroughly, drove out the British merchants and destroyed \$10,000,000 worth of opium then in stock. The British government took up the cause of the merchants, sent a fleet and military force from India, and in the war that followed the Chinese were worsted, were compelled to pay a large indemnity, to reimburse the owners of the opium destroyed, and to open certain ports to all English products, opium among the rest.

### The Cork Tree.

The removal of the bark from the cork tree, if properly done, does not affect the vitality of the plant, because only the outer layer of dead bark, which has already fulfilled its purpose in the tree's economy, is taken away. The operation is first performed when the tree is about fifteen years old, and if carefully done may be repeated every ten years. The tree lives from 100 to 200 years, and the quantity of bark is increased with age, although the quality remains about the same. There are plantations of cork trees in Portugal, which are known to have been in existence three hundred years ago.

### Will Make You Plump.

Cream of tartar, according to an eminent English authority, is the ideal nourishment for thin folk. A teaspoonful taken at night immediately before retiring is said to give marvelous results. To be at its best it must be perfectly made, then thinned with sweet cream. Taken in that condition and warm, it is agreeable as well as fattening, and produces just that sense of satisfied hunger essential to the ideal rest. It is claimed that perseverance in the treatment yields such apparent results that the cheeks can be seen to expand from day to day.

### To Get Rid of Fleas.

As a protection against the fleas that even well-bred cats and dogs sometimes introduce into our homes an entomologist advises the owners of such pets to provide a rug for them to sleep on, and to give the rug frequent brushing and shaking, afterward brushing up and burning the dust. As even with this care some eggs will probably remain on the infected animal, it is well to occasionally rub into the hair of the cat or dog a quantity of pyrethrum powder. This will stupefy the fleas and cause them to fall off. They should then be swept up and burned.

### A Remedy for Insomnia.

In case of insomnia a frequent change of pillows will sometimes induce sleep. Excellent results almost invariably follow a gentle bathing of the head, neck, arms and hands. The water must be of an agreeable temperature—neither hot nor cold.

## For Job Printing

Try The Standard

### CHURCH DIRECTORY.

CONGREGATIONAL—Rev. W. H. Walker, pastor. Preaching Sundays at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 12. Christian Endeavor prayer meetings, Sundays at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meetings Thursdays at 7:30 p. m. Pastor and family at home Tuesday afternoon and evening. Pastor's Bible class at the parsonage Friday evening at eight.

BAPTIST—Rev. J. H. Girdwood, pastor. Preaching, Sundays at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 12; P. U. prayer meeting at 6:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Thursdays at 7:30 p. m. Covenant meetings on the Saturday preceding the first Sunday in each month. B. Y. P. U. business meetings Monday evening before date for Covenant meeting.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Rev. C. L. Adams, pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school at 12; Epworth League prayer meeting at 6:30 p. m.; class meeting at 9:30 a. m. Sundays. Business meeting of Epworth League the first Friday evening of each month. Prayer meetings Thursdays at 7:30 p. m.

CATHOLIC—St. Mary's—Pastor, Rev. William P. Connelley. Services on Sunday—First Mass at 8:00 a. m.; high mass with sermon at 10:30 a. m. Evening prayers with congregational singing and Benediction at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school after high mass. Mass on week days at 8 a. m.

ST. PAUL'S EVANGELICAL—Rev. G. Eisen, pastor. Preaching every Sunday alternating morning and afternoon. Sunday-school after preaching services.

### Heart Disease Kills

Suddenly; but never without warning symptoms, such as Faint, Weak or Hungry Spells, Irregular or Intermittent Pulse, Fluttering or Palpitation of the Heart, Choking Sensations, Shortness of Breath, Swelling of Feet and Ankles, etc.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, Cures Heart Disease.



Mr. Geo. L. Smith, of the Geo. L. Smith Mangle Co., Louisville, Ky., writes Feb. 28, 1896: "For about a year I was a terrible sufferer from heart trouble, which got so bad I was obliged to sit up in bed to get my breath. I had to abandon business and could hardly crawl around. My friend, Mr. Julius C. Voght, one of our leading pharmacists, asked me to try Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. I had used little more than a bottle when the pain ceased and palpitations entirely disappeared. I have not had the slightest trouble since, and today I am attending to business as regularly as ever."

Sold by druggists everywhere. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health.

**R-I-P-A-N-S**  
The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.  
ONE GIVES RELIEF.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt-Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

**TO HORSE OWNERS.** For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders. They tone up the system, aid digestion, cure loss of appetite, relieve constipation, correct kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse. 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

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